GERMSKUTTER

SPECIFIC FOR RINGWORM. ITCHES, ECZEMA, AND ALL OTHER SKIN DISEASES
DOES NOT STAIN CLOTHES
BHOGILAL PREMCHAND & CO.
CHEMISTS
Princess St., BOMBAY 2.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXX VII NO. 243 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1949 PRICE 2 ANNAS

BABULINE BUILDS HEALTHY BABIES
Prescribed by Doctors for over 20 years.
SOLD EVERYWHERE
Sole Agents:
B. A. & BROS.
BOMBAY 2.
Calcutta & Patna

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Nehru Sees Sights Of Washington

TWO HOURS' TALKS WITH TRUMAN

Meeting With Acheson Slated For Today

WASHINGTON Oct. 12 (PTI-Reuter).

PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU, Indian Prime Minister, starting a three-day tour of Washington and Federal Government headquarters, rose early today, after last night's dinner given in his honour by President Truman and subsequent long private conference with his host.

Today he visited Mount Vernon, memorial home of George Washington, and later laid a wreath at the grave of America's Unknown Soldier in the Arlington National Cemetery.

Pandit Nehru will meet United States Secretary of State Mr. Dean Acheson at the State Department tomorrow at 8 p.m. G.M.T. (1-30 a.m. I.S.T.).

At Arlington Cemetery, the Prime Minister who was accompanied by Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit and Mrs. Indira Gandhi, was met by three United States soldiers carrying the Indian flag. They presented arms and led the way to the Unknown Soldier's tomb, where a guard of honour from all four armed services was drawn up.

A Vital Moment

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12 (PTI).

PANDIT NEHRU, replying to President Truman's address of welcome at the airport yesterday, said:

"This moment when, for the first time, I am setting foot on the soil of this great country, is of great significance for me, because it brings about the fulfilment of a long-felt desire.

"I bring to you, Mr. President and to this great Republic the cordial greetings of my Government and my people, of the new Republic-to-be of India, and I trust that these two Republics of the Western world and the Eastern world will find many ways of working together with friendly and fruitful cooperation for our mutual advantage and the good of humanity."

LIKE DRIVE IN KASHMIR

Starting from Blair House, Pandit Nehru and party drove slowly in four Limousines, covering 16 miles journey from the city to Mount Vernon in about 40 minutes.

The route lay through the rolling hills of Verginia and along the banks of the Potomac river. On both sides of the road the trees and shrubs were aflame with colour, their tints variegated with the early autumn foliage.

Wide lawns flanked the road on either side and the scenery must have reminded Pandit Nehru of a drive in the hills of Kashmir along the banks of the Jhelum river.

GREAT INTEREST

On arrival at Mount Vernon, Pandit Nehru was met by Mrs. Frances Bolton, Congresswoman of Ohio, who is one of the regents of the Mount Vernon Trust.

Mrs. Bolton took Pandit Nehru and party on a tour of the estate. Pandit Nehru showed great interest in every item showed to him which had a contion with George Washington and his family.

Before making a detailed tour of the historic house, Mrs. Bolton made a short address in which she said

(Continued on Page 8)

BAJPAI TALKS WITH HENDERSON

Kashmir Discussed?

Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai, Secretary-General of the Indian Ministry of External Affairs, met at the State Department for about two hours today with Mr. Loy Henderson, U. S. Ambassador to India, and the State Department experts on Indian and Near Eastern affairs.

After the meeting, A State Department spokesman said, "They had a general exchange of views on matters of interest to the two countries."

It was understood from authoritative sources that the talk centred on the Kashmir problem and was in preparation for the Nehru-Acheson meeting tomorrow.

Godse's Plea Dismissed

LONDON, Oct. 12, (PTI-Reuter).

THE Judicial Committee of the Privy Council today dismissed a petition brought on behalf of Nathuram Godse sentenced to death for the murder of Mahatma Gandhi, for special leave to appeal from the judgment of the High Court of Simla.

Linked with the petition of Godse were the names of Narayan D. Apte, Vishnu R. Karkare, Madanlal K. Pahwa, and Gopal V. Godse.

The judgment of the High Court of Simla dated June 21 had affirmed the conviction of the petitioners by the Special Judge at Delhi on various charges connected with the murder.

Today's petition before the Privy Council was presented by Mr. John Megaw. Mr. D. N. Pritt, K. C. for the crown, was not called upon to reply.

MIRACLE IN CALCUTTA!

Salt Comes Back

CALCUTTA, Oct. 12. (P. T. I.): The short-lived salt scarcity, which the city experienced yesterday, was followed today by an abundant supply of the commodity at the usual price in all quarters.

The Government of West Bengal arranged the sale of salt in several mobile lorries, thus bringing the salt situation to normalcy in the city and suburbs.

In some quarters the supply was much in excess of the demand and it was selling at a price lower than the usual market rate.

Argentine Train Smash

BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 12 (PTI-Reuter).—Forty people were believed killed and more than 100 injured when an electric passenger train and a goods train crashed here just before midnight last night.

Three coaches were almost completely wrecked.

VICTIMS OF RUMOUR BREAK INTO CITY SHOPS

Fear Of Scarcity Of Salt And Matches

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

FRENZIED crowds, scared and provoked by wild rumours about a threatened famine of salt and matches in "sugarless" Bombay, broke open shops at two places and hurled stones at a third place, late this evening.

Following the news of salt scarcity in Calcutta scare-mongers and certain interested parties flooded the city with rumours that salt and matches would not be available during Diwali. Nervous housewives and gullible people rushed to shops and lined up to collect as much salt and as many matchboxes as they could. Salt jumped from two annas per seer to 12 annas at certain places, while many shop-keepers had to pull down shutters and disappoint many customers.

At Tardeo, when a shop-keeper declared to a crowd of 100 anxiously queued up before his shop, he was greeted with a hail of stones. A police constable in the vicinity rushed to mob-sieged shop and quelled the trouble.

MISCHIEF

A crowd of determined mischiefmongers made capital out of the delicate situation at Umarkhadi. It is reported that they provoked eagerly-waiting people queued up at Ration Shop No. 26, and angry words were exchanged between the public and the shop-keeper. A group of men dashed into the shop, broke open the cupboards and decamped with grains and cash, collectively valued at Rs. 1,500. A posse of police arrived on the spot and brought the situation under control.

A similar minor incident occurred at Null Bazaar.

The police have so far made no arrests.

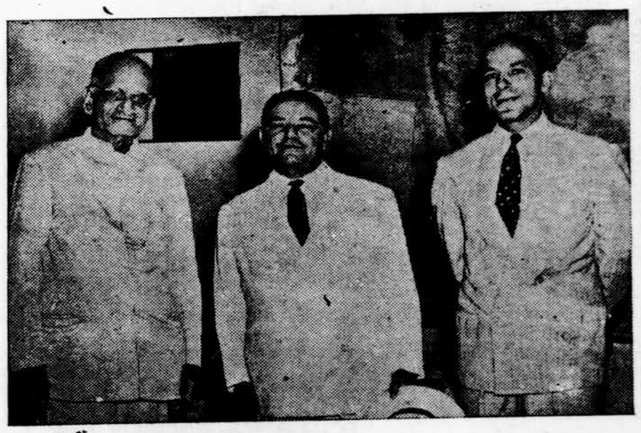
REQUEST

Interested persons started spreading a "mischievous and baseless rumour" in the central area in Bombay City on Wednesday evening that matches and salt would shortly be scarce, stated the Director of Publicity in a press note tonight.

This led to two shops in two different localities respectively being broken open and the two commodities being removed.

The Director requested the public of Bombay not to listen to such false stories about scarcity. The police had been ordered to deal drastically with such rumour-mongers, the press note added.

BRAZILIAN ENVOY AT DELHI



His Excellency Senhor Caio de Mello Franco, Brazilian Ambassdor-designate to India called on the Hon'ble Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, Acting Foreign Minister, at New Delhi on October 10. Mr. B. K. Kapur, Chief of Protocol, Government of India, was also present during the meeting.

Minister Takes Up Potfolio

The Rajasthan Education Minister, Shri Prem Narain Mathur trying his hand at the potter's wheel in the Pottery Section of the Maharaja's School of Arts and Crafts, Jaipur, during his recent visit to the institution.

Canton Enters Final Phase

SPORADIC FIRE IN CITY; LOOTING

HONG KONG, Oct. 12 (P T I-Reuter).

EVACUATED Canton today faced the inevitable doom reminiscent of Shanghai. Sporadic rifle fire from Communist 'fifth columnists' resounded all along the city while irregulars of the main red forces were reported to have entered the city's outskirts.

Looting on an extensive scale broke out on the suburbs. At the same time, the influx of refugees into Hong Kong continued day and night.

Thousands of steel-helmeted, heavily armed British troops carried out security measures in conjunction with the Colony's police as evacuees poured in by all available transport.

Coinciding with the movement was the arrival by ship of another group of 631 foreign evacuees of 30 different nationalities from Communist-held Shanghai.

CHIANG IN CANTON

The Chinese newspaper "New Life", organ of the Nationalist Acting President Li Tsung-Jen, said Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek arrived in Canton today from Taipeh, capital of Formosa, on his way to Chungking, 150 miles up the Yangtse river in Szechuan Province, proposed new Nationalist capital.

CANTON: Communist General Chen Keng's forces invading the South China province of Kwangtung, were today reported 50 miles from Canton in a new drive on the temporary Nationalist capital.

Troops on the left flank of the Communist thrust were said to be striking down the east river from Hoyuan, 50 miles from the Canton-Kowloon railway, which links the China mainland with Hong Kong.

January 30, 1948 Forgotten

NAGPUR, Oct. 12 (UPI): "We will gladly enrol any RSS Member in the Congress," announced Mr. M. S. Kannamwar, President of the C. P. Provincial Congress Committee, in an interview today.

He added that he believed that RSS members would join the Congress in large numbers.

Bloodless Revolution Is Over In India

SARDAR SURVEYS STRUCTURE OF A UNIFIED NATION

NEW DELHI, Oct. 12 (PTI).

"OUR new constitution, unlike the scheme of 1935, is not an alliance between democracies and dynasties, but a real union of the Indian people built on the basic concept of the sovereignty of the people," said acting Prime Minister and Minister for States Sardar Patel today.

The Sardar described the articles on States placed before the Constituent Assembly by Dr. Ambedkar as embodying the results of a "bloodless revolution". He said the new constitution "removes all barriers between the people of the States and the people of the Provinces and achieves for the first time the objective of a strong, democratic India built on the true foundation of a co-operative enterprise on the part of the people of the Province and the States alike."

The speech which was repeatedly cheered was read out by Mr. K. M. Munshi, to avoid strain on the Sardar.

Sardar Patel said that the Legislatures of the three States in which such bodies were functioning at present namely Mysore, the Travancore and Cochin Union and Saurashtra, had agreed that the constitutions of the States should form part of the constitution of India. Unfortunately, there were no properly constituted Legislatures in the rest of the States and there was no option but to make the constitution operative in those States on the basis of its acceptance by the ruler or the Rajpramukh, as the case might be who will no doubt consult their Councils of Ministers.

ASSURANCE

Sardar Patel, however, gave an assurance to the people of those States that any recommendation made by their first Legislatures would receive "our earnest consideration."

In view of the special problems with which the Government of Jammu and Kashmir was faced, a special provision had been made for the continuance of the constitutional relationship of the State with the Union on the existing basis.

In the case of Hyderabad State, the acceptance of the constitution would be subject to ratification by the people of the State.

Sardar Patel said that under the articles before the House the legislative and executive authority of the Union in respect of the States would be co-extensive with similar authority in and over the Provinces. Subject to adjustments during the transitional period the fiscal relationship of the States with the Centre would also be the same as that between the Provinces and the Centre.

The jurisdiction of the Supreme Court would now extend to the States to the same extent as in the case of the Provinces. The High Courts of the States were to be constituted and would function in the same manner as the provincial High Courts. All the citizens of India whether residing in States or Provinces, would enjoy the same fundamental rights and the same legal remedies to enforce them.

Sardar Patel assured the representatives of the States that the provision enabling the Centre to exercise general supervision and control over the States for ten years or more, if Parliament so decided, was only in the nature of a "safety valve" to obviate recourse to drastic remedies. It involved no censure upon any Government and merely provided for contingencies which in view of the present conditions were more likely to arise in Indian States than in the Provinces.

It was obvious that in this matter States like Mysore or the Travancore and Cochin Union, where democratic institutions had been functioning for a long time and where Governments responsible to Legislatures were in office would have to be treated differently from other States not conforming to these standards.

The annual privy purse to the present rulers, he said, would amount to rupees four and half crores compared to 20 crores they had enjoyed so far. Later it would be reduced to less than rupees four crores. The privy purse settlements were in the nature of consideration for the surrender by the rulers of their ruling powers and also for the dissolution of their States as separate entities. This was a small price we have paid for the bloodless revolution."

"Autocracy in the states," said Sardar Patel, "has gone for good. It now remains for the people to fill the breach and derive full benefit from the new order."

REVIEW

Sardar Patel hoped to place before the House next month another State paper containing a comprehensive review of developments in the States.

He said that the fact that the new constitution specified only seven States in Part Three of Schedule One was an index to the phenomenal progress made by the policy of integration pursued by the Government of India by integrating 500 and odd states into sizeable units and by the complete elimination of centuries-old autocracies, the Indian democracy had won a great victory of which the princes and the people of India alike should be proud. This was an achievement which should redound to the credit of any nation or people at any phase of history.

The Congress Party in the Constituent Assembly today had an inconclusive discussion on the period for which the Scheduled Castes and tribes should be given reservation in the services.

VALIDITY OF THE BIHAR SAFETY ORDINANCE

Detenus Appeal Before Federal Court

NEW DELHI, Oct. 12 (PTI).

THE hearing in the appeals of thirteen Bihar detenus challenging the Bihar Public Safety and Maintenance of Order Ordinance (4), 1949 began today before the Full Bench of the Federal Court presided over by the Chief Justice Sir H. J. Kania.

The appeals arose out of the Patna High Court's decision declaring as valid the Bihar Public Safety and Maintenance of Order Ordinance (4), 1949 under which the detenus, reported to be Communists, have been kept under detention by the Bihar Government.

Some of the detenus involved in the present case are appealing to the Federal Court against their detention under a Public Safety Ordinance, for the second time. Their first appeals questioning the validity of the Bihar Public Safety Act, 1947 were decided by the Federal Court on May 28 in their favour.

The Federal Court's decision of May 28 declaring the Bihar Public Safety Act, 1947 as 'ultra vires' and ordering the release of the detenus was followed by the promulgation of the Bihar Public Safety and Maintenance of Order Ordinance (2) 1949 under which the detenus were rearrested. But the Patna High Court declared the Ordinance (2) also as invalid. Following this the Governor of Bihar promulgated the Ordinance (4) 1949, which was held valid by the Patna High Court, and so the detention of the detenus continued.

Mr. H. J. Umrigar, an ex-practitioner in the Privy Council, who represented the detenus argued before the Federal Court today that the Governor of Bihar in promulgating the Ordinance in question had exceeded the legislative competence. He said that there was no such emergency which entitled the Governor to promulgate the Ordinance.

Intervening, Sir N. P. Engineer, Advocate-General of India, said that the detention of the detenus was a preventive one. His conclusion was that the Ordinance was valid.

The court rose for the day before Mr S. K. Mitter, who represented the Bihar Government against the appellants, had concluded his arguments.

Indo-Pakistan Meeting On Devaluation

KARACHI, Oct. 12. (U. P. I.): India and Pakistan have agreed to hold a joint conference in New Delhi shortly to resolve all issues arising out of Pakistan's non devaluation decision, an official spokesman of the Indian High Commissioner's office in Karachi told the United Press of India today.

It is learnt that the Government of India have proposed the date for the conference to be October 14, but it is not known whether the Pakistan Government finds it suitable to them.

A Change For Better

CRIPPS REVIEWS POSITION

LONDON, Oct. 12 (PTI-Reuter): Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Stafford Cripps said here today that since devaluation of the pound sterling there had been substantial signs of a change for the better in orders from the Dollar Area.

The Chancellor said that Britain's industrial production, excluding building during the first half of 1949 was 36 per cent above 1938.

He defended his forecast that devaluation would raise the cost of living by only about one point by the end of the year. Apart from bread, there was no reason for any immediate increases in the retail prices of food on account of devaluation.

Merchants Shot In Jamnagar

CONSTABLE HELD

RAJKOT, Oct. 12, (P. T. I.): Two merchants in Jamnagar were shot dead at noon today while in their shops in the heart of the town, according to reports reaching here.

The alleged assailant, described as a police constable, has been arrested.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS advt.-tax @ one anna per rupee

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

MATRIMONIAL

Virgin, Pathare Prabhu, Graduate, (24) invites matrimonial correspondence from Hindus, Post Box No. 3620, Bombay 4. 1230

Well-to-do Goan bachelor, good character, of East Africa, desires get married Goan Girl of respectable family, aged between 24 and 28. Must be prepared proceed Africa. Submit full particulars with photograph, if any, which will be returned later. All correspondence will be kept Strictly Confidential. Apply Box No. 1228, "Bombay Chronicle".

Suitable match for a Hindu Punjabee Bachelor of 28, holding Inter Provincial views. Handsome healthy graduate from respectable family. Only son, holding cosy Central Government Executive Post, drawing good salary. Pretty cultured and Educated Girl preferred. Apply Box No. 1227, "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted urgently second class Certified Wiremen, with experience of 440 Volts, 3 Phase Motor, Also Mechanical Fitters. Apply to Swastik Oil Mills, Ltd., Wadala, Bombay 15. 5982

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Homoeopathy—Best Correspondence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara Travancore.

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Stockists and Agents throughout Bombay Presidency for sale of our Sports Goods. Reliable parties interested in this trade should contact National Sports Works, Kartarpur, (District Jullundur). 5983

ASTROLOGICAL

At Last a way has been perfected for you to look into your future without the aid of Astrologers and Palmists. We will send you a Magnetic Device that will enable you to answer any question with startling accuracy. For further particulars please contact. Box 1226, "Bombay Chronicle".

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans Arranged on very easy terms: Apply sharp to Mr. G. S. Monga;. Narsinhji's Pole, Baroda. (1180)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE OF TENDER
MILITARY ENGINEER SERVICES

TENDERS are invited from Contractors, who are borne on the Approved List of M.E.S. Contractors and within whose financial limits the value of the work lies, by the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona for the Construction of Permanent Naval Armament Depot (Phase I) at Vizagapatam. The work is estimated to cost about Rs. 16.5 lakhs.

Application for tender forms must be submitted on or before 25th October 1949. Only contractors borne on M.E.S. Approved List should apply.

Copies of the conditions of Contract and Drawings would be open for inspection in the Office of the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona, during Office hours after 27th October, 1949.

Tender documents will be issued on and after 28th October, 1949.

Tenders will be received by 15-00 hours on 21st November, 1949.

5977

NOTICE OF TENDER
MILITARY ENGINEER SERVICES

TENDERS are invited from Contractors, borne on the Approved List of M.E.S. and within whose limits the value of the work lies, by the Commander, Royal Indian Engineers (Projects) Poona, for the "Provision of Taxi Tracks, Hard Standing, Apron and Flooring to A. W. D. Hangers in R.I.A.F. Poona." The work is estimated to cost about 10 lakhs.

2. Other suitable Contractors, though not on the M.E.S. List may also apply for tender and in the event of their being selected to tender, they will be required to be enlisted as M.E.S. Contractor before concluding contracts with them.

3. Applications for Tender Forms must be submitted on or before 18-10-49 to the Commander Royal Indian Engineers (Projects) Poona Ghorpuri Barracks, POONA 1.

4. Copies of conditions of contract, drawings and all other documents concerned with the work will be open for inspections in the Offices C.E.S.C., C.R.I.E. (Projects) Poona & G.E. R.I.A.F. Poona respectively during office hours.

5. Tenders Documents will be issued on or after 25-10-49 and upto 26-10-49.

6. Tenders will be received by 11-00 hours on 7-11-49.

5976

PUBLIC NOTICES

RECRUITMENT OF TECHNICAL OFFICERS IN THE ARMY

1. Applications are invited from Indian nationals and Gorkhas for appointment as Commissioned Officers in the Royal Indian Engineers, the Indian Electrical and Mechanical Engineers and the Corps of Indian Signals.

DURATION OF COMMISSIONS

2. 7 years extensible upto 10 years if willing and services required. A certain number of these officers will have good prospects of being granted Permanent Regular Commissions if as a result of their service they come up to the standard laid down for such Commissions.

AGE

3. Between 30 and 40 years.

QUALIFICATIONS

4. (a) RIE & IEME.

Either of the following:—

(i) Associate Membership of the Institution of Engineers or qualification that is accepted by the Institution in exemption thereof, vide Gazette of India notification SB 97-1147, dated 5th April 1947. or

(ii) Parts A & B of the Examination for Associate Membership of the Indian Institution of Engineers or such other examination as is accepted by the Institution in exemption thereof, vide Gazette of India Part I, Section I, dated 5th April 1947.

(iii) Degree in E & M or Wireless Engineering of a recognised University or

Any one of the following:—

(a) (i) Final passing out Certificate from I.M.N.S. "DUFFERIN".

(ii) The Second Mates B.O.T. Ticket or a Certificate of satisfactory completion of apprenticeship from a recognised Marine Engineer Workshop as required by the B.O.T.

(b) First or Second Class Engineers Certificate of competency awarded by the Board of Trade.

(c) A degree in Marine Engineering.

(b) IND. SIGS.

Either of the following:—

(i) An engineering degree of a recognised university with telecommunication or radio as one of the subjects.

(ii) A degree of a recognized university with Applied Mathematics and Physics, supported by a diploma of a recognized telecommunication institute in radio engineering.

(iii) A graduate (Grade IEE or AMIEE) of the Institute of Electrical Engineering (UK) Pt. III (Radio & Communication Engineering).

(iv) Associate membership of Institution of Engineers (INDIA) (or such other examination as is accepted by the institution in exemption thereof) with at least two years' experience in telecommunication engineering.

SELECTION

5. Qualified and eligible candidates will be interviewed by a Services Selection Board. Those called for interview will receive Second Class travelling allowance, both ways.

GRANT OF COMMISSION

6. Selected candidates will be granted commissions in the rank of 2/Lt after a short period of military training. Higher acting ranks with pay will be admissible to a limited number for those accepted in the Corps of IEME.

7. Full particulars and application forms may be had from Army Headquarters, AG's Branch (SP 4), New Delhi. The last date for receipt of completed application forms at Army Headquarters is 1 Dec. '49.

5986

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.,

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of the Policy numbered 83400 on the life of Ardesher Pestonji Sethna of Bombay a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

B. K. SHAH
General Manager.

Date 13th Oct. 1949.

1229

NOTICE

I, SOBHAN GUNAJI TAWDE, of Bombay, state that my brother DAJI GUNAJI TAWDE, who was employed as a sepoy in the Bombay Electric Supply & Tramways Co., Ltd. (now in Voluntary Liquidation) has been MISSING since the 3rd of September, 1939 and has not been heard of by me or by any one, who would naturally have heard of him, if he had been alive. Endeavours have been diligently made all these years to find out his whereabouts, but no trace of him as to whether he is alive or dead has been found. It is therefore presumed that he is dead.

As his nominee and next-of-kin and heir, I am applying for the Provident Fund and other dues of the said Daji Gunaji Tawde. Any claim in respect of these dues should be notified to the Liquidators of the Company at their Registered Office, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, within one month from the date hereof.

Dated 13th October, 1949.

SUBHAN GUNAJI TAWDE

PUBLIC NOTICES

BY THE COLLECTOR OF BOMBAY
ELECTORAL ROLLS—BOMBAY AND B. S. DISTRICT

GOANS, PATHANS & OTHER FOREIGNERS

ATTENTION is invited to the Press Note, dated 15-9-1949, issued by the Government of Bombay, in which it is mentioned that Goans, Pathans and other Foreigners, who were residing in India for at least five years and had not acquired the citizenship of any foreign state, will have to satisfy the Collector of the district at the time of enrolment, as to their eligibility for registration as voters. As the work of enrolment in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District has been completed, Goans, Pathans and other foreigners who possess the qualifications mentioned above and desire enrolment on the Electoral Rolls, under preparation, should call at the Office of the Collector of Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District (Electoral Section,) Yacht Club Building, Apollo Pier, Bombay with the necessary evidence viz., proof of residence and domicile certificate within one month from the date of this notification.

Bombay, 12th October, 1949.

(5990)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from residents of the province of Bombay and from non-Muslim displaced personnel from Pakistan for posts of Sub-Auditors of Co-operative Societies in Co-operative Department. The posts are at present temporary but persons recruited are likely to be absorbed in the regular establishment of the Department.

GRADE: Rs. 100-8-140 plus cost of living and other allowances as are admissible under the existing orders of Government.

QUALIFICATIONS: A degree in B.Com (with advanced accountancy) or holders of the Government Diploma in Co-operation and Accountancy, or graduates who have obtained Higher Diploma in Cooperation after having gone through a regular course of training at the Cooperative Training College, Poona.

AGE: 25 years in case of Advanced Class and 28 years in case of Intermediate or Backward Class on 1-12-1949. The age-limit in case of displaced personnel will be regulated in accordance with Government orders issued in this behalf.

LANGUAGES KNOWN: Any one or more of the regional languages of the Province of Bombay.

Persons already in Government service who are eligible may also apply, if they are permitted by the Heads of their Departments.

Candidates desiring to be considered for appointment to these posts, should submit their applications so as to reach the Registrar, Co-operative Societies and Director of Agricultural Marketing and Rural Finance, Bombay Province, Poona, not later than 15th November 1949, giving full particulars regarding qualifications, age, languages known, previous experience, if any, etc.

11th October, 1949.

5989

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS are invited before 28-11-1949 preferably from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for the post of ACCOUNTS OFFICER (AUDIT) in the State Transport. PAY:—Rs. 400-800 PLUS dearness allowance as admissible under the rules. Higher starting pay admissible in deserving case. AGE:—Not less than 30 and not more than 40 years on 1-2-50, relaxable in suitable case. QUALIFICATIONS:—(a) B. Com. with Accountancy as the principal subject or R. A. or G.D.A., and (b) auditing experience in recognised firms or Government offices for not less than five years. The qualification regarding experience may be relaxed in deserving case. Application forms supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay 1", who will supply full details on request. Persons registered with the employment Exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office. 5985

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY
REGISTRATION OF FIRMS ON APPROVED LISTS OF CONTRACTORS

APPLICATIONS for enlistment as "Approved Contractors" for supply of stores to this Railway are invited from Manufacturers, Manufacturers' Agents and Stockists in the prescribed form obtainable from the undersigned on payment of Rupees Ten in cash or by M.O. (not refundable). Postal Orders or Cheques will not be accepted. Firms already on the approved List of the Stores Department need not apply.

The decision of the undersigned in respect of registration will be final and no correspondence will be entertained.

Only one application form can be obtained by any one firm.

A. R. SARIN
Controller of Stores.

Mahalaxmi, Bombay 11. 5978

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for following posts under the Milk Commissioner for the Land Clearing and Agricultural Section at the Arey Milk Colony near Goregaon, Bombay.

Item.	Designation.	No. of posts.	Scale of pay.
1	Foreman Supervisor	1	Rs. 215-400
2	Mechanic	1	Rs. 150-10-220
3	Bull-dozer drivers	6	Rs. 80 per month fixed.
4	Tractor-drivers	6	Rs. 70 per month fixed.
5	Fitter-cum-blacksmith	1	Rs. 80-5-120
6	Cleaners	5	Rs. 45 per month fixed.

PLUS Dearness Allowance according to rules.

AGE:—Applicants should not be more than (i) 25 years of age for item No. 6 (ii) 30 years of age for item Nos. 3 and 4 and (iii) 35 years of age for item Nos. 1, 2 and 5.

DOMICILE:—Applicants should preferably be domiciled in Bombay Province.

QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE:—

FOR FOREMAN SUPERVISOR: Should have diploma in Mechanical Engineering with 5 years' experience of repairing and maintaining tractors, bull-dozers and tractor drawn implements independently, or should be able to read and write English, keep accounts of oil, lubricants and machinery operations and should have 10 years' experience of working and maintaining tractors, bull-dozers and tractor drawn implements, independently.

FOR MECHANIC: Should be able to read and write English and capable of reading machinery drawings and should have at least 5 years' experience of mechanic in-charge-of repairs of tractors bull-dozers and tractor drawn implements.

FOR BULL-DOZER DRIVERS:—Should be literate in one of the regional languages and should have at least 4 years' experience of operating cable operated Bull-dozers of 80 H.P.

FOR TRACTOR - DRIVERS:—Should be literate in one of the regional languages and should have atleast 5 years' experience of operating tractors, of both wheeled and track type with agricultural implements.

FOR FITTER - CUM-BLACKSMITH:—Should have atleast 5 years' experience of repairing and maintaining of tractors and implements Persons with experience as bench fitter will be preferred.

FOR CLEANERS:—Should have experience of attending oil engines and motor vehicles. Hard working and intelligent cleaners will be considered for promotion to the posts of tractor drivers, when vacancies occur.

Candidates should be healthy and robust and must be capable of withstanding hard physical work Selected candidates will have to come for interview at their own cost and applicants for posts of Bull-dozers and Tractor-drivers will have to give trial at the colony.

Applications stating above mentioned particulars should be sent direct to the Milk Commissioner, Wakefield House, Sprott Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, so as to reach him before 23rd October, 1949.

11-10-1949.

NOTICE OF TENDER
MILITARY ENGINEERING SERVICES

TENDERS are invited from Contractors who are borne on the Approved List of M.E.S. Contractors and within whose financial limits the value of the work lies, by the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona, for the construction of Class "D" and "E" Quarters, Technical School, Students' Hostel, Dining Hall and Roads for Prototype Machine Tool Factory at AMBERNATH. The work is estimated to cost about Rs. 26 lakhs.

Applications for tender forms must be submitted on or before 24th October to the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, POONA.

Copies of the conditions of Contract and Drawings would be open for inspection in the Office of the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona during office hours after 26th October, 1949.

Tender Documents will be issued on and after 26th October '49

Tenders will be received by 15-00 hours on 10th November, 1949.

5988

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI
NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED for general information that the following Ordinance of the University will come into operation with effect from 1st July, 1950:—

"No persons shall be qualified for admission to the University unless he is sixteen years of age before the first day of October in the year in which he seeks admission, or if he is admitted with the approval of the Academic Council to the second year of the degree course, seventeen years of age on the first day of October in the year in which he is admitted.

T. P. S. IYER,
Registrar.

Dated: 8-10-49. 5987

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai ATMADEVI, widow of Ramkisondas Jethanand Chhabaria has contracted to sell to our clients her business of Commission Agents and Shroffs carried on under the name and style of Messrs. RAMKISHAN KANYALAL at 196-198 Sheikh Memon Street, Vithalwadi, 4th Floor, Bombay as a going concern free from all incumbrances and debts together with the goodwill of the said business, Furnitures, Fixtures, Fittings.

All debts due to and owing by the said business of Messrs. Ramkison Kanayalal upto the date of the completion of sale will be received and paid by the Vendor to whom all claims should be submitted and the purchasers will not be liable for such debts.

All persons having or claiming any right, claim or demand of whatsoever kind against or to the said business of Messrs. Ramkishan Kanayalal are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 85, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay within seven days from the date hereof failing which our clients shall complete the sale without reference to any such right, claim or demand and the same, if any, shall be deemed as waived.

Dated this 12th day of October, 1949

HARIDAS AND CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

(5994)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KARSHANJI SUNDERJI and MANILAL KARSHANJI, carrying on business in partnership under the name and style of Messrs. Karshanji Sunderji have contracted to sell to our clients their said business carried on at 190, Sheikh Memon Street, 1st floor, Bombay, as a going concern together with the goodwill thereof, furniture, fixtures, fittings and the tenancy rights of the aforesaid business free from all encumbrances and debts, if any, of the said business.

All persons having or claiming any right claim or demand of whatsoever kind against or to the said business of Messrs. Karshanji Sunderji are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 35, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within seven days from the date hereof, failing which, our clients shall complete the sale without reference to any such right claim or demand and the same, if any, shall be deemed as waived.

Dated this 12th day of October, 1949.

HARIDAS AND CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys
(5993)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT ANANT RISHI'S WADI, BHULESHWAR.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as Receiver in Suit No. 659 of 1947 and pursuant to the directions contained in the Decree dated 11th January, 1949, M/s. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction (TO-DAY) THURSDAY, 13-10-49 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises:—

Pension and Tax land (redeemed) with dwelling house at Anant Rishi's Wadi, about 247 sq. yds. Street No. 10 and bounded on East by property of Wadilal Chunilal, West by property of Shri Ram Mandir, North by property of Dr. Popat Prabhuram and South by Anant Rishi's Wadi.

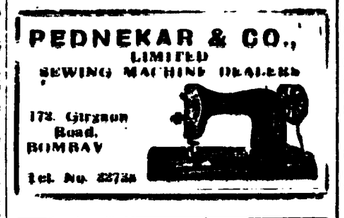
For particulars and Conditions of sale apply to M/s. Khanderao Laud & Co., attorneys for the Court Receiver or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 11 cases American B. F. Goodrich Veginold Dush, 1 case Icebags, 1 case surgeon glass, 1 case bristpump on 17th inst. at 2-30 P.M. (S. T.) at our Rooms at 72, Medows Street, Fort, under instructions from the concerned.

Terms: 25 per cent. cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.



FOOD ALMOST OUT OF NOTHING!

Exhibition In City

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

On Friday afternoon, the Foods Committee of the Bombay Agri-Horticultural Society, will formally open a novel type of exhibition. The exhibition will consist of preparations from subsidiary foods like potatoes, sweet potatoes, tapioca and ground-nut flour.

The Exhibition, which will be held at the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, will be inaugurated by Mr. Dinkerrao Desai Civil Supplies Minister, Government of Bombay.

At the Exhibition, the housewives and hotel-keepers of Bombay will show their skill in preparing dainties and delicacies without using rice or wheat.

The exhibition is expected to demonstrate not only the ingenuity of the Indian housewife in making something good out of practically nothing, but will also show how from the cheapest subsidiary foods, balanced meals can be prepared.

The Exhibition has made arrangements to sell seeds, and prepared baskets of vegetables which can be grown at home It will be open from the 14th to the 16th, both days inclusive from 3 P.M. to 8 P.M.

NO FUTURE FOR JUDICIARY

C. A. Member Very Pessimistic

NEW DELHI, Oct. 12, (PTI): Mr. Brajeshwar Prasad, member of the Constituent Assembly from Bihar, predicted in the Constituent Assembly today that the Judiciary had no future in this country.

Mr. Prasad, who favoured reduction of the salaries proposed for Supreme Court Judges by Rs. 2,000 argued: "The Judiciary plays an important part only in a country where a spirit of legalism is prevalent, where the foundations of the State are strong and where there are no revolutionary upheavals.

In India the facts are otherwise. Our economic situation is deteriorating fast. Threat of internal rebellion is becoming insistent. The danger of a foreign war is also looming large on the horizon. I, therefore, do not see how the judiciary in India will be the guardian of our Constitution and protect the life and liberty of the people."

U. K. DECORATIONS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The undermentioned recipients of U. K. decorations were presented with the insignia of their awards at informal ceremonies held recently by Mr. G. V. Kitson, Deputy High Commissioner for the United Kingdom in Bombay:

Mr. G. C. Furnell—British Empire Medal, Mr. A. A. Monteiro—King's Medal for Service in the Cause of Freedom and Lt. Col. J. N. Stevens—M.B.E.

Commemoration Stamps

NEW DELHI, Oct. (PTI): Over Rs. 50,000 worth of special stamps commemorating the Diamond Jubilee of the Universal Postal Union, which fell on October 9, was sold in the four major cities of India, it was learnt from Postal Department sources here yesterday.

Bombay led with sales amounting to Rs. 30,264, Calcutta coming next with Rs. 9,438, Delhi and Madras following with Rs. 8,142/- and Rs. 5,084/- respectively.

Pak Local Bodies Conference

LAHORE, Oct. 10. (PTI-Reuter): An All-Pakistan Local Bodies Conference will be held at Lahore on November 5 under the presidentship of Dr. A. M. Malik Minister of Works, Mines and Health, Government of Pakistan.

65 TRADE UNIONS GO SOCIALIST

TRIVANDRUM, Oct. 11 (PTI): Mr. Asok Mehta, Socialist leader, arrived here today after visiting Ernakulam, Alwaye, Nagercoil in connection with the organisational work of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha and the Travancore Cochin unit of the Socialist Party. He told pressmen that 50 unions in Travancore and 15 in Cochin with a combined membership of 50,000 are affiliated with the Hind Mazdoor Sabha.

He said, "Our trade union movement is combative and constructive. Our effort is to develop a sound trade union movement in the country".

NO PREJUDGING

Referring to the recent State Transport workers strike in Travancore, Mr. Asok Mehta said that he hoped the proposed round-table conference of the Minister and workers' representative would result in an amicable settlement of the dispute. Meanwhile, he said, issues should not be prejudged or determined, and the necessary atmosphere of cordiality must be created.

SUGAR SCARCITY IN JUBBULPORE

Prices Establish A Record

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, October 12: Sugar prices in Jubbulpore have established an all-India record. It is being sold in the blackmarket at the rate of Rs. 3-12-0 per seer for the last four days, and it is feared that if the present state of acute scarcity were allowed to continue for a few days more, prices will establish yet a higher record.

The "halwais" (Indian confectioners) are openly selling their sweet-meat preparations and it is cheaper for a consumer to purchase the sweetmeats instead of running after sugar. Never before in the history of the Province had people experienced such an acute shortage of sugar and had never paid such a high price for this commodity. The prices of gur have also gone up owing to its heavy demand in the market. A middle class family man cannot secure sugar in the market either for love or for fair money.

* * *

Shri Ajay Singh Chowhan, a student of M.A. (Final) and the eldest son of Thakur Lakshman Singh Chowhan, Public Prosecutor, Jubbulpore, and of the late Shrimati Subhadra Kumari Chowhan, the renowned Hindi poetess, was arrested on Sunday evening under the Public Safety Act and is detained in the Central Jail, Jubbulpore, as a security prisoner. The police surrounded his father's house and took Shri Ajay into their custody even though he was down with high fever. It is alleged Shri Chowan is an active member of the Communist Party.

The number of the alleged members of the Communist Party arrested in Jubbulpore within the last three days is 8.

* * *

The Provincial Government have decided to bring more land under the tractor ploughing scheme in Piparia centre, Hoshangabad district, and has directed agriculturists not to sow rabi crops in the land which is to be ploughed by the tractors.

The affected agriculturists have voiced their protest against this directive of the Government stating that if they were not allowed to sow rabi crops in their pieces of land, they would be not in a position to harvest about 17,000 maunds of gram and wheat which they used to get from their fields in the past, and will also be placed in a loss of Rs. 65,000 which they have spent in preparing the land.

SUGAR TRADERS WARNED

Blackmarketers Will Be Exposed

PATNA, Oct. 12, (PTI): Mr. Khemchandra Chowdhry, Secretary of the Bihar Chamber of Commerce, said here yesterday that he would expose businessmen who were engaging themselves in blackmarketing and hoarding sugar.

In a statement, he said that the Chamber had been viewing the price level of sugar with anxiety. Every day newspapers reported businessmen selling sugar at abnormally high rates in many places.

Profiteering tendencies, Mr. Chowdhry said, of a few were bringing odium on the entire business community. These traders invited controls and compelled Government to progressively tighten them.

"The Chamber warns them" Mr. Chowdhry said, "that if they persist in such practices and do not give up hoarding and profiteering it will be compelled to expose them."

At the same time, Mr. Chowdhry said: "We can and do unhesitatingly affirm that Government are largely responsible for the existing state of affairs". If Government had not acted hastily in resorting to the 'discredited' method of control, the situation would never have become so serious.

RESENTMENT AT BASELESS CHARGES

Municipal Employees' Union Protest

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The Bombay Municipal Subordinate Union Managing Committee at a meeting on October 9 in a resolution note with indignation the comments which have appeared in certain partisan papers ('Bharat' and 'Navbharat') throwing uncalled for aspersions on the conduct of the Municipal employees in the recent Municipal by-elections following upon an irresponsible statement issued by the General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee.

The Union, the resolution adds, regrets to note that a political party losing a by-election should seek to save its face by calling into question the integrity and impartiality of the employees of the Municipality. The Union takes the view that to allow such aspersions to go unchallenged would set up not only a dangerous precedent for other political parties but that unless the employees are protected from baseless charges of partisanship, the administration itself and conduct of elections hereafter would greatly deteriorate.

The Union also took the opportunity to thank the Press and others who voluntarily rebutted baseless charges levelled against the Municipal employees.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

INCREASED COTTON PRODUCTION

Discussions In Bombay

BOMBAY, Oct. 12.

The Agricultural Research Sub-Committee of the Indian Central Cotton Committee met in the city this morning under the Chairmanship of Sardar Datar Singh, Vice-Chairman, Indian Council of Agricultural Research. Those present at the meeting included Shri R. G. Saraiya, Shri Chunilal D. Mehta, Dr. D. N. Mehta Sardar Kartar Singh and Mr. A. Mueller. The question of increasing production of cotton, particularly of long and medium staple in the country was one of the main subjects considered by the Committee. This included a scheme for breeding long staple cotton in the East Punjab schemes for cotton manurial trials in the provinces of Bombay and East Punjab and a plan for the increased production of raw cotton in Madras Province.

YEARS of Suffering Madeher GREAT!

PRAKASH Pictures

SAWAN-BHADO

MUNAWAR SULTANA
5th WEEK

LAMINGTON

3-30, 6-30 9-30. : Sun. 12-45.
Bookings: 10 to 11-30 & 4-30 to 6
AN EVERGREEN Release

SURAIYA & NIGAR
IN
BALAM
AT
MINERVA
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

MAKE SURE OF YOUR SEATS! BOOK IN ADVANCE THE RUSH IS GREAT
A.W.I.T. Ltd.
MINERVA Pict.

NARSINH AVATAR

Produced & Directed by
SOHRAB MODI
SHOBHANA, SAMARTH
NIRANJAN SHARMA, LAXMAN
9-30, 6-30, 9-30: Sun. Mat. 12-30
Ad. Book: 10 to 12: 4 to 6.
CENTRAL And
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Ad. Book: 9-30 to 1: 2 to 7
EXCELSIOR

See the Nice things of Indian Family life in
Gopinath
16th WEEK in Bombay
Royal OPERA HOUSE
3-30, 6-30 and 9-30.

CITY & SUBURBS

Today

Hindu: Asoe Vad 6, 2005.
Muslim: Zilhej 20, 1368
Parsi: Ardibehest 11, 1319.
Sunrise: 6-32 a.m. Sunset: 6-17 p.m.
Hightide: 03-17, 14-33.
Lowtide: 08-54, 20-52.

Today's Engagements

Y. M. C. A.: Brains Trust meeting at Wodehouse Road Branch, at 6-30 p.m.

SANYUKTA MAHARASHTRA PRACHAR SAMITI: Press Conference at Tambe's, at 4 p.m.

ALL-INDIA MANUFACTURERS' ORGANISATION: Mr. P. V. Mehta's lecture on Japan, today, at 5-30 p.m., at Indian Merchants' Chamber.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF ARCHITECTS: Mr. G. P. Dandekar's address on "Planning".

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: At 3-40 p.m.

STANDING COMMITTEE: At 2-40 p.m

SAMALDAS GANDHI FINED RS. 10

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Mr. Samaldas L. Gandhi, former Editor of "Vande Mataram" was found guilty of a breach of Paper Control Order 1945, and fined Rs. 10 by Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, yesterday.

Mr. Gandhi was charged with printing "Rajput Bandu", a periodical published by Mr. Mahida Kumar Narendrasingh, at the "Vande Mataram" Press in December 1946 Mr. Gandhi pleaded that he was unaware that the publisher had not secured the necessary printing of the publication from the Paper Controller, but when he came to know that permission had not been obtained, he assured the Paper Controller that he regretted his error and would not print the "Rajput Bandu" until the publisher had obtained the necessary permission.

The Magistrate in convicting the accused said that an error had been committed "through a bona fide mistake and under a bona fide belief."

Late Sir Ardeshir Dalal

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Bombay Municipal Standing Committee adjourned today as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Sir Ardeshir Dalal, former Municipal Commissioner.

Mr. Salebhoy Abdulkader who presided, moved the codolence resolution which took note of the valuable services rendered by the late Sir Ardeshir during the period of his office as a commissioner. The resolution was passed all standing.

A similar resolution was also passed by the Schools Committee at its meeting today, which was adjourned till October 18.

Shot Gun For Bravery

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. Shamalbhai Khushalbhai, of Umreth, in Kaira district, has been given a shot gun as a reward in appreciation of his brave action in resisting an outlaw by name Fula. The Government of Bombay has contributed Rs. 200 towards the cost of the gun, the balance being paid by Mr. C. S. Patel, M. L. A.

GOODS WORTH RS. 20,000 STOLEN FROM DOCKS

Three Suspects Arrested After Intensive Investigations

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Motor car spare parts valued at Rs 20,000 were stolen from the Victoria Docks, Bombay, on Monday night, the Police reported today. Intensive investigations conducted by the Crime Branch C.I.D. resulted in the arrest of three persons yesterday. The Police also succeeded in recovering stolen property worth Rs. 2,000.

The Docks authorities reported to the Police that on Monday night a case containing auto spare parts, carburettors, piston pumps etc., was boken open and parts valued at Rs. 20,000 were stolen by certain unknown persons.

On suspicion, the Police arrested Babulal Bansilal, after keeping a close vigil at the Docks. From his person, they seized 2 carburettors. On information given by him, two other accomplices, Tawasi Muttanna and Kisan Bhawoo Sakpal were also taken into custody.

The Police recovered three other carburettors hidden in a heap of sand at the docks area.

All the accused were produced today before Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, who ordered them to be remanded to Police custody till October 26, pending further investigations.

Tobacco Merchants' Protest

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The warehouses of the members of the Indian Tobacco Merchants' Association of Bombay, will remain closed on Friday, as a protest against Government's attitude towards certain demands made by the trade.

A meeting held in this connection, resolved that Rule 145, enforced by the Central Excise Authorities, was detrimental to the interests of the trade and that no stone should be left unturned to get it deleted from the statute. Efforts to get the rule deleted, must continue indefinitely in cooperation with other allied institutions and associations, the resolution stated further.

Cartoon Forfeited

The Government of Madras forfeited, the cartoon and its photographic or other reproductions, along with the negatives of the photographs, depicting a scene in the village of Ellamarru in Krishna District and entitled, "Is this the Ram Rajyam that Gandhiji dreamt", which appeared in the issues of "Visalandhra", of August 1, 1949 and "Nagara", of August 20, 1949, Telugu fortnightlies published at Madras and Tenali respectively, and also all other documents containing copies of it.

THE WEATHER

POONA, Oct. 12, (PTI): The following is the weather summary for Wednesday.

The low pressure area over Hyderabad and the adjoining areas has moved west-north-westwards and is becoming unimportant. It has, however, accentuated the trough of low pressure off the Saurashtra-North Konkan coast which is now well-marked.

Rainfall has been fairly widespread in Assam and sub-Himalayan West Bengal and occurred locally in Orissa Gujerat, the central parts of the country, the Konkan, Mysore, Malabar and the North Madras coast. Scattered showers are also reported from Gangetic West Bengal, the Bombay Deccan and South-East Madras.

Night temperatures continued to be above normal over the whole country outside the west coast and were markedly so in the United Provinces and the central parts of the country.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THURSDAY EVENING: Thundershowers will be fairly widespread in Assam, sub-Himalayan West Bengal and the Konkan and occur locally in the Bombay Deccan Gujerat Saurashtra the Madras Presidency outside the Madras Deccan. Scattered thundershowers are likely elsewhere in North-East India, the peninsula and the central parts of the country.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st October 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m. I.S.T. on 12th October 1949:—

Abu 82 67 0 0.3 minus 0.1 Ahmedabad 89 82 0 0.3 plus 0.2 Akola 91 75 0 0.7 minus 0.3 Aurangabad 83 72 0 0.1 minus 0.4 Bangalore 84 67 0.3 1.8 minus 1.5 Baroda 95 77 T 0.1 minus 0.3 Belgaum 82 70 0 0 minus 2.2 Bhopal 88 73 0.8 2.6 plus 1.6 Bhuj 97 75 0 0. minus 0.1 BOMBAY 82 75 0.5 1.1 minus 0.1 Cherrapunji 73 63 0.1 1.7 minus 7.0 Darjiling 68 54 0.1 0.5 minus 2.2 Dehra Dun 87 64 0 0.1 minus 0.8 Delhi 95 69 0 0.1 minus 0.2 Gwalior 95 69 0 0 0.9 Gorakpur 93 78 0 0 minus 2.2 Gulbarga 92 71 0 0.2 minus 0.8 Hanamkonda 91 77 0 0.1 minus 1.2 Honavar 87 74 0 0.1 Jaipur 97 67 0 0 minus 0.3 Jubbulpore 88 75 0.1 2.2 plus 1.3 Kanpur 93 75 0 0.3 minus 0.6 Khandwa 83 74 0.1 2.7 plus 1.8 Kodaikanal 65 52 0.3 3.5 minus 0.8 Kolhapur 86 68 0 0.2 Kurnool 93 77 0 0 minus 1.5 Madras 96 80 0 1.4 minus 1.9 Mahableshwar 71 62 0 1.2 minus 2.5 Mangalore 84 75 0 0.5 minus 2.5 Marmagao 85 75 0 0.1 minus 4.3 Nagpur 89 74 0 3.3 plus 2.6 Ootacamund 67 55 0.7 2.3 minus 1.0 Pachmarhi 80 67 0.1 0.7 minus 0.6 POONA 87 71 0 0.2 minus 1.5 Rajkot 99 75 0 0 minus 0.3 Shillong 74 59 0.3 1.9 minus 0.8 Sholapur 94 69 0 0 minus 1.4 Simla 71 56 0 0.2 minus 0.7 Surat 95 79 0 1.5 plus 0.8.

MONTH'S R. I. AND FINE OF RS. 100

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

On a charge of attempting to bribe Customs officials at the Bombay Docks Kalandur Gul Aziz was sentenced to one month's R.I. and a fine of Rs. 100 in default to undergo a further term of one month, by Mr. M. J. Gordhandas, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, yesterday.

The prosecution stated that Sajankhan Chadi, the second accused, was to sail for Karachi on May 16 by S. S. Daniel. The first accused went to the docks to see off his friend. Customs officials searched the luggage of Sajankhan when they found that he was carrying a bundle of newly stitched clothes, more than the allowed maximum. His friend, Gul Aziz, thereupon attempted to bribe the officials to evade customs duties.

On a complaint made by the officials, the Police arrested both the accused.

The Magistrate acquitted Sajankhan as he was found not guilty.

Habeaus Corpus Application Admitted

Their Lordships, Mr. Justice Weston and Mr. Justice Shah admitted this morning at the Bombay High Court, Habeaus Corpus petitions on behalf of eleven persons detained under the Public Security Measures Act. All the men are residents of the Akola District.

In his petition, Vishnu Bhiwa Hase, one of the petitioners stated that he was the President of the Development Agricultural Association of Sangamannar. In March last, he was called to the police station at Sangamannar on the pretext that certain books of accounts maintained by him had to be examined. He was then arrested and in April served with a notice signed by the Dt. Magistrate of Ahmednagar.

He denied the allegation that he had incited people against landlords and Sahukars and prayed to be acquitted.

Bhawoo Paru Rongte, another detenu in his application maintained that he had been arrested and detained as he was on inimical terms with certain Congressmen.

Their Lordships admitted the applications, which were made by Mr. M. M. Jape and Mr. S. A. Kher.

TODAY'S RADIO

BOMBAY, Thursday.

BOMBAY—A

7-30 a.m. Shubha Smriti. 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram. 7-45 Khadim Husain (Khayal Vilambit aur Drut). 8-0 News (E). 8-15 News (H). 8-30 N. M. Godbole (Violin). 8-45 News (G). 12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude. 12-50 Yusuf Qawwal and Party (Ghazal). 1-0 News (G). 1-10 As in Bombay B. 1-30 News (E). 1-40 Dance Music. 5-0 P. M. Sirdar (Madhuvanti). 5-15 Kumudini Hosangadi (Pad). 5-30 As in Bombay B. 6-0 News (E). 6-10 News (H). 6-20 Kumudini Hosangadi (Bhavgeet). 6-30 Khadim Husan (Gorakhyalyan). 7-0 Topic of Day. 7-10 Local. 7-15 Sundrabai Jadhav. 7-30 N. M. Godbole (Violin). 7-45 Kamgar Sabha.

BOMBAY—B

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay A. 7-45 News (K). 8-0 Baboorao Salvekar (Gujri Todi). 8-30 News (M). 8-45 P. M. Sirdar (Khayal Vilambit aur Drut Bilawal). 12-45 p.m. As in Bombay A. 12-50 News (M). 1-0 Gurjar Geet (by Pinakin Trivedi. 1-10 Lalkari. 1-40 News (H). 1-50 Vanita Mandal. 5-0 As in Bombay A. 5-30 Children's half-hour (English). 6-0 Sundrabai Jadhav (Thumri). 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners. 7-15 As in Bombay, A. 7-30 Commercial News. 7-45 News (K). 8-0 News (M). 8-15 P. M. Sirdar Aj Sobana (Puria Kalyan). 8-30 Navan Chanatar (Khanwala). 8-45 "Akasmat". (Roopak in G.) by Ramnik Ganatra. 9-0 Baboorao Salvekar (Jaijaiwanti). 9-15 Pinakin Trivedi (G. Geet). 9-30 Jantra Sammelan. 9-45 Spreading rumours: Talk in English. 10-0 Khadim Husan (Khayal Vilambit aur Drot).

BARODA

7-30 a.m. Shahanai Par Gunakali 7-40 Master Dinanath of Surat. 8-0 News (E). 8-15 Music Lesson. 8-30 Geeto. 8-45 News (G). 5-30 p.m. Vaividhya. 6-0 News (E). 6-10 Dattatray K. Bidwe. 6-25 As in Ahmedabad. 6-35 Gramjano Mate. 7-0 Ram Rajya. 7-15 Dattatray K. Bidwe. 7-30 Master Dinanath. 7-45 Apani Shoorveerta: Arambhshoora by Dhananjay Thakar. 8-0 D. V. Paluskar. 8-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report. 8-15 News (G). 8-30 Apni Farmaish. 9-0 News in (E). 9-15 As in Ahmedabad. 9-30 Master Dinanath. 10 Close down.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. As in Baroda. 8-0 News (E). 8-15 As in Baroda. 8-30 Shantilal Ravad (Khayal Todi). 8-45 News (G). 5-30 p.m. As in Baroda. 6-0 News (E). 6-10 As in Baroda 6-25 Sudevi Dhru And Party (G. Geeto). 6-35 Majoor Bhaio Mate. 7-0 Sudevi Dehru and party (G. Geeto). 7-15 As in Baroda. 7-30 Rakhe Bhulta. 7-45 Apni Silorveerta: Arambhshoora (G) by Dhananjay Thakar. 8-0 As in Baroda. 8-10 Local. 8-15 News (G). 8-30 Khyal and Tarana Bihag by Shantalal Raval. 8-45 Garbo Rang Bharrio. 9-0 News (E). 9-15 "Vasanti Vidaya" (G). 9-30 As in Baroda.

ANYTHING BUT PRISON

Jail Bird's Appeal To Magistrate

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"Order me to be shot, Sir if not at least send me to Pakistan, or even to hell, but for god's sake do not send me to jail again!" This was the plaintive plea made by a seasoned criminal who was awarded a sentence of two years' Rigorous Imprisonment by Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, for committing a breach of externment order served on him.

Mohuiddin Ismail, the externee, who had returned to the city despite the externment order issued against him by the Commissioner of Police, was arrested by the Bombay Police as soon as he set foot in the city. He was produced at the Mazagon Court, where he was found guilty of the charges preferred against him. When the externee heard the sentence passed against him by the Magistrate, he made an impassioned plea for leniency, but the Magistrate was not inclined to take a kind view of the case as the accused was a seasoned criminal who had been externed because of his past record.

"I have spent 20 years of my life in jail," wailed Mohuiddin, "and I don't want to see the inside of a prison again. I have been in jail since the age of 14, and I'll face anything but jail again."

EJECTMENT SUIT

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Tendolkar)

N. S Gubbi ..... Plaintiff
vs.
K. L. Gauba ..... Defendant.

An ejectment suit filed against the defendant, a barrister who had migrated to Bombay from Lahore in November 1947, was transferred to the list of long causes and directed to be placed on board for hearing on 9th November next.

The plaintiff who is a practising accountant having his office in Fort Chambers, alleged that at the request of a firm of Solicitors, he had allowed the defendant to occupy a part of his office as a mere licensee, and that the defendant had gradually encroached upon more and more space so as to occupy the major portion of the room, leaving only one corner of it for the plaintiff himself. He therefore filed the present ejectment suit against the defendant.

The defendant on the other hand contended that he was a sub-tenant and could not be ejected by the Plaintiff.

Mr. M. P. Laud instructed by Messrs Dayalji and Dipchand appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. M. R. Parpia instructed by Messrs. Nanu Hormusji and Co. appeared for the defendant.

PREMIER AUTOMOBILE EMPLOYEES TO STRIKE

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The employees of Premier Automobiles Ltd have decided to give a strike notice to the Management if they fail to declare and pay the bonus before Diwali. The Balance sheet of the accounts of the Company is already ready and the employees are being provocated on account of the delay of the payment of bonus

HOW TO GET YOUR SUGAR QUOTA FOR DIVALI

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

In view of the approaching Divali festival the Government of Bombay has decided to issue sugar at the rate of 1/2 lb. per head from 16th October to 22nd October, 1949, from all ration shops including Government Grain Shops in the Bombay rationed area. Sugar will be issued against the current permanent and temporary foodgrains cards registered at such shops.

Catering Establishment permitholders will also get sugar against the foodgrains units meant for their servants. These units are shown on each permit and sugar will be issued at the rate of 1/4 lb. for each such foodgrains unit.

Residential Institutions and Residential Catering Establishments can get sugar for all persons residing at the Institutions or Establishments against a special permit which may be obtained from the Rationing Officer (Establishments) in the office of the Controller of Rationing.

Permitholders whose permits are registered with the Rationing Officer (Permits) will be directed to particular Government Grain Shops for their quota of sugar. Information regarding the Government Grain Shop from which such permitholder has to draw his sugar can be obtained from the Rationing Officer (Permits.)

Similar arrangements have been made in the case of Ration Shops run by Mills, Factories and Large Organisations.

The retail price of sugar will be Re. 0-6-0 per lb. exclusive of sales tax. As sugar will be available at these shops throughout the week, the public are requested to make their purchases, as far as possible, only when they normally draw their foodgrains rations.

FATALLY KNOCKED DOWN BY VICTORIA

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

An Indian Methuselah who was crossing the road to go to a beedi shop yesterday was run over by a hack victoria at Souapur Cross-lane and fatally injured. He was removed to the G.T. Hospital where he died subsequently.

Balakrishna Ganu Pulguskar, a 106-year-old Ayurvedic physician practising in the city it is said, was a chain smoker. Having exhausted his stock of the comforting weed, the centenarian, as was his wont, decided to make his purchase of the day's smokes himself. He, therefore, walked out of his house and was proceeding to his usual tobacconist when a passing victoria ran over him and knocked him down. It is learnt from Pulguskar's son, Vasant, that the deceased, in spite of his rich ripe age was quite hail and hearty. It was his ambition, his son said, to live up to 125 years. Providence had, however, decreed otherwise and old man Pulguskar was killed in a hack victoria accident.

Fire In Gunny Bag Godown

BOMBAY, Oct. 12.

A small fire broke on early this morning in a gunnybag godown situated at Frere Road. The Bombay Fire Brigade, on receipt of information, rushed to the spot and put down the fire after battling with the flames for half-an-hour. Considerable loss is said to have been caused by the fire.

COLOURFUL FUNCTION AT CITY HALL

Mayor's Reception For His Daughter's Wedding

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Sundrabai Hall at Queens Road presented an extremely colourful picture this evening when Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and Mayor of Bombay arranged a reception in connection with the marriage of his daughter Miss Sushila Patil with Mr. D. G. Nerurkar, and his nephew Mr. Maheshwar Thakur with Miss Sushesta Algaonkar.

Top-ranking State officials, politicians, industrialists, businessmen, journalists and social workers were present on the occasion, prominent among them being the Chief Justice Mr. Chagla and Mrs. Chagla, Seth B. D. Birla, Sir Chunilal Mehta, Sir Sultan Chinoy, M. Y. Nurie, Lady Rama Rao and others.

The married couples were recipients of many presents. Messages were received from the cream of leadership in India, and included from H.E. the Governor-General of India, Shri Rajagopalachari, The Hon'ble Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, The Hon'ble Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, The Hon'ble Dr. Rajendra Prasad, The Hon'ble Mr. G. V. Mavlangar, The Hon'ble Mr. N. V. Gadgil, The Hon'ble Dr. Shyamprasad Mukerjee and other Ministers of the Central Cabinet and also from Governors and Cabinet Ministers of various provinces.

Mr. and Mrs. Patil personally welcomed the guests who thoroughly enjoyed their evening at the reception.

MATTHAI AT RESERVE BANK

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Dr. John Matthai, Finance Minister, Government of India, spent nearly two hours in the Reserve Bank of India this morning, conferring with the Governor and other top-ranking officers of the Bank on various financial matters.

It is understood that the Minister discussed the devaluation of the rupee and the difficulties arising out of Pakistan's decision not to devaluate the rupee.

Dr. Matthai will meet the manager and the officers of the Imperial Bank in the afternoon.

Boy Knocked Down By Taxi

BOMBAY, Oct. 12.

A ten-year-old boy who, along with some other boys was playing on the road at Dondi Street last evening, was knocked down by a taxi. The injured boy was removed to the J. J. Hospital where he died later.

Traffic Advisory Body

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Mr. Ratan H. Mapara has been elected as the representative of the Indian Merchants' Chamber on the Traffic Advisory Committee for a term of two years.

From TOMORROW
Comes to the Screen the
MEMORABLE MARRIAGE that
Created a Classic
ALL WORLD LOVES
PREM ADIB
PICTURES MOVIE MAGNIFICENT

RAM-VIVAH

SHOBHNA SAMARTH,
PREM ADIB, UMAKANT,
RAJ ADIB, Bhagwandas, Yashodhara
Katju, Bhujbal Sandav, Shanta
Kumari, Sheela Naik, Shanta Kunwar,
Kantakumari, Shakuntala

Story-Direction:
PREM ADIB

Art: KANU DESAI
Dialogues: Pt. ANUJ
Music: SHANKARRAO VYAS
Dances: PREM DHAVAN
Camera: YUSUF MULJI

FROM TOMORROW AT
KRISHNA EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30, 9-30, Sat. Sun. Hol. 12-30
Booking 10 to 12, 4 to 6
Central Film Dist. Release.
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Plans Open 9-30 to 1, 2 to 7
Also at RIVOLI (Matunga) 12-30, 3-30, 6-30, 9-30.

Can raw foods prevent diseases?

Fruits and vegetables such as tomatoes, lettuce, water-cress, chopped cabbage and carrots (grated if preferred) should be eaten raw. Fresh fruits and raw vegetables are "protective" foods because they contain vitamins and minerals which build resistance to disease, but which are largely destroyed by cooking. However, though these vitamins and minerals are indispensable to good health, they are yet insufficient by themselves to fulfil the body's requirements. For normal, full physical well-being, we need a *balanced diet* containing not only minerals and vitamins but also proteins, carbo-hydrates (found in milk, meat, eggs, fish, pulses, nuts, cereals) and *fats*. A most wholesome form of fat which supplies you with daily energy is Dalda. Made of the purest vegetable oils it reaches you fresh and clean in sealed tins.

WHAT SHOULD INVALIDS EAT?
Write for free advice today—or any day!
THE DALDA ADVISORY SERVICE
P.O. BOX NO. 353 BOMBAY 1

The Bombay Chronicle

DISARMING CANDOUR

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya with engaging candour has admitted that the Working Committee decision on the R.S.S. was taken without any knowledge as to its importance. "I myself had no idea of the significance of this subject", he told a press conference at Kanpur. Neither was he conscious of the fact that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was not present when the Working Committee took its decision. The question regarding the R.S.S. was taken in the order in which it appeared on the agenda and, though care was taken to see that matters of importance were dealt with when Pandit Jawaharlal could be present, this reference about the R.S.S. from Bihar was lost sight of. Dr. Pattabhi has mentioned that generally no agenda is circulated to members but it is presented to members and a few people take notes. The sum total of all this is that the Congress Working Committee just drifted into a decision on a vital matter like the Congress attitude towards the R.S.S. without realising all that it was about. Dr. Pattabhi has said that there was no intentional manoeuvring of the decision. His remark that he had "no idea of its significance", is reassuring in so far as it removes all suspicion of any deliberate going back on the staunch national tradition of the Congress. But it is rather disconcerting to be told that an institution like the Congress can be led into anything by the negligence, lack of interest or inattention of members of the Working Committee That decisions should be drifted into is no compliment to the organisation. It was not always the case that the Working Committee members met without prior knowledge of the agenda. It has not happened previously that the members met and deliberated without forming an idea of the items for discussion and their importance. Dr. Pattabhi has stated that Bengal and linguistic provinces took up much of the Working Committee's time and threw other matters into the background. Whilst the office-bearers of the Congress can be absolved of any deliberate slurring of the issues, the failure to call attention to an important matter like the R.S.S. is a grave one and it has to be guarded against in future. The circulation of the agenda should be resorted to in future so that important topics might be given the best and most serious attention. As for the R.S.S. decision, it is obvious that the best thing that can now be done is to rescind it and have it fully considered after Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru returns from his American tour. The Congress President himself has indicated that he had an inadequate appreciation of the significance of the decision, and several others on the Congress Working Committee must have been in the same plight. It might even be well to place the entire subject before the All-India Congress Committee at a later date. What cannot be desirable for the party organisation is that it should be allowed to stand as the considered verdict of the Congress Working Committee. Dr. Pattabhi has on an earlier occasion asked the public to give the R.S.S. a chance to do national work, and to respect the decision of the Working Committee. In the light of his remarks at Kanpur, this is a request which should never have been made. It is tantamount to asking the public to condone the negligence of the Working Committee and to endorse the error it has perpetrated. The Congress under the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi never hesitated to admit mistakes committed by it and to set about correcting its defects. It never asked the public to acquiesce in wrong decisions to save the face of its Executive. "I myself had no idea of the significance of this subject", admits the Congress President. Now that he has achieved some idea of its significance, surely he owes it to his party and his country that he strains every nerve to have a decision taken by the Congress which reflects more clearly an appreciation of its significance. We know now that the decision was taken without Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's knowledge and full awareness of it; we know too that the Congress President himself has a different view of the subject to that which he had at the time of discussion; and, from his reference to the difficulties of suiting the convenience of all the six or seven ministers who are also on the Working Committee, we might fairly infer that there have been others who did not attend the meeting. And to crown everything we have been told by the President that the importance of the matter was not adequately realised at that time—otherwise his saying that he was not conscious of Pandit Jawaharlal not having been present at the time would have no meaning. In the light of these considerations, it is necessary first to rescind the Working Committee opinion or decision or whatever it may be called, and to take a fresh decision later. Now that the Congress President has spoken on it with such candour, there need be no hesitation in correcting the false step—a step too which had outraged nationalist opinion.

Alarm In The East

Mr. Irving Brown, foreign representative of the American Federation of Labour, had recently been on a tour of the Orient studying particularly the situation in respect of communism and the communist "menace". On his return to the United States he gave the results of his investigation and his views to a convention of A.F.L. chiefs the other day. The picture of the situation, as he drew it, is alarming. But while there is a great deal of truth in it, there is much in that truth that is not new. For instance, "Moscow-trained" agents and leaders do not constitute a frightful phenomenon that has emerged suddenly only now. Every country has long had a communist Party and at least some of its important members have been "trained" in Moscow. And in no country has its Communist Party ever been quite inactive. What is new is that the Communists today are active simultaneously in every country of South-East Asia and are pursuing their "revolutionary tactics" more vigorously than before. This is partly because of the stimulus given by some external circumstances like the position and policy of the Soviet Union and the success of communism in China. But mainly the flare-up is due to the internal situation. The last war awakened the people of Asia to the iniquities of European Imperialism and to their own right to a life politically independent and economically prosperous.

This temper of the peoples of Asia was taken advantage of by Communists who received valuable assistance and support in their propaganda and activities by the attitude of European Imperialism towards the aspirations of those over whom it desired to maintain its political mastery and economic exploitation. It is even now essentially a matter for European Imperialism to choose between helping and defeating Communism in the Orient. Exceptions there certainly are. Burma is now independent. But if communism is active there it is due almost entirely to the situation created by the revolting Karens, who, incidentally, command the sympathy, sometimes vociferously, of British Tories. As to India, Mr. Irving Brown is unnecessarily panicky. He need not feel that this country "is slowly being caught up in a nut-cracker squeeze with the Russians holding the major prongs". India is not being squeezed by Soviet or Communist prongs. The communists in India did attempt something "revolutionary". This is not surprising. Given freedom to function in a country—and it is the main essence of any genuine democracy—communism will try to be active. But by reason of the same democratic freedom it will also fail. Communists certainly launched a big struggle. It has already virtually failed.

Thought For The Day

A dwarf may see farther than a giant, when he has the giant's shoulders to mount on.
—COLERIDGE.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

SIMLA, Oct. 11, (UPI):
Two rival members of the East Punjab Assembly exchanged blows in the lobbies of the Assembly ..this afternoon, it is reported.

While the Assembly was in session the two M.L.As started arguing in the lobbies, Exchange of hot words led to slaps and blows. Dr. Lehna Singh Sethi General Secretary, and other M.L.As intervened and separated the combatants.

★ ★ ★

President Truman, his Cabinet Ministers, other high American officials and a large group of diplomatic corps were at the military air transport terminal to greet Pandit Nehru in a colourful ceremony with full official honours.

—WASHINGTON REPORT.

Our thoughts, however, stray, solemnly to the late Katherine Mayo, her inspirers, helpers, friends and disciples.

★ ★ ★

Commenting on the great "curtain-raising" reception to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the P.T.I. says: "One noticeable feature of all press notices was that even papers and writers, who have sometimes shown a tendency to be critical of Indian policies, had nothing but words of admiration for Nehru as a world statesman and 'internationalist.'"

Yes, that feature, we agree is very noticeable. In fact, it deserves to be noticed most carefully. And cautiously.

★ ★ ★

Trying to explain the origin and history of the now famed Working Committee resolution on the R.S.S., Congress President, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, pleads that "it arose only incidentally, It was the thirteenth or fourteenth subject on the agenda."

It must have been the thirteenth.

★ ★ ★

"It was", Dr. P. abhi pleaded further, "presented to the members there and few people took notes of what the contents of the agenda were. I myself had no idea of the significance of this subject."

It must be frankly recognised that this has at least the merits of engaging candour.

But—arising out of all the long explanation—Mr. Congress President Sir, did Jawaharlal know or did he not?

★ ★ ★

Professor Shibbanlal Saxena, the rather well-known member of the Constituent Assembly, has proposed in an amendment that the President of Republican India should receive a salary of rupee one, a month.

We are not surprised. Being a very original type of a public man, Professor Saxena wouldn't mind if the President of the Indian Republic was encouraged to make on the round abouts what he was deprived of on the swings.

★ ★ ★

New York: Mr. Ernest Bevin has sailed for home "very optimistic" about the future of world affairs.

We too feel "very optimistic". We are now confident that the world and its affairs will when the approaching time arrives, end swiftly.

BOOKS OF TODAY

INCIDENTS OF GANDHIJI'S LIFE. Edited by Chandrashanker Shukla Published by Vora & Co., Bombay. Price Rs. 19-8. Pages 344.
A GANDHIAN ROSARY—MOHANMALA compiled by R. K. Prabhu, Published by Hind Kitabs Ltd., Bombay. Price Rs. 1-12.
MAHATMA GANDHI FOR THE MILLIONS by Mrs. S. Vairanpillair and Prof. M. S. Vairanapillai. Published by the authors at Gandhi Gram, Madura District, South India. Price Re. 1. Pages 76.
THE NEW YEAR BOOK — 1949 edited by P. C. Sarkar. Published by Sarkar and Sons Ltd., Calcutta. Price Rs. 3.
BURMA, OUR NEIGHBOUR. Publications Division, Ministry of Information, New Delhi. Price Rs. 1-8 Pages 44.
THE TRAINING SHIP DUFFERIN. Publications Division, New Delhi Pages 16. Price As. 12.

BOOKS on Mahatma Gandhi—their number is legion. "Incidents of Gandhiji's Life", "A Gandhian Rosary" and "Mahatma Gandhi for the Millions" add but to the list. Of these the Rosary is but a compilation, made from the writings and speeches of Gandhi, of the main aspects of his philosophy of life into 366 thoughts—one Thought for each day of the year. It has its value for quiet daily contemplation of the given Thought or for continuous reading.

"Gandhi for the Millions" is but a basic biography, written primarily for boys and girls of high school age; it is not however a portrait drawn from life and from intimate personal experience but a copy prepared from the usual material available for preparing an outline and as such worth nothing more than a handy reference book for children.

Word Portraits

"Incidents of Gandhiji's Life", however, is a real book with a special significance. Planned as it was while he was still alive, it brings together a series of word portraits by 54 of his friends and co-workers in India and abroad, who were eye witnesses of certain events of his life. In it we come to know the human and humane man that Gandhi was, greater than the leader, the living Gandhi with his little deeds of kindness, his little words of love, his twinkling smile, his genial sense of humour, his quick way of making vital decisions almost overnight, and above all his love for the living truth, regardless of consequences and as Fisher puts it, "his unusual ability to put himself in another's place" that made him the spokesman for the common ando the forgotten man.

Anecdotes there are many....we have the story of the Press Correspondent who managed to shove his way through the surging crowd and ask Gandhi abruptly, "Bapuji, will the Congress accept Office?" Any remark from the Mahatma on that important question—even silence—would have found wide publicity. But Gandhiji, who was very clever at dodging press correspondents replied promptly, with a chuckle of general humour, "Why, do you want to be a Minister." The whole crowd laughed. We have the story too of Gandhi, the teacher who taught from small happenings—a tiny flask borrowed by Rajkumari Amrit Kaur from Birla to keep the Master's tea hot brought about a tirade on what it was to accept gifts readily and make others spend money on him who has no need for it. There is also the story of Gandhiji not hesitating to wash unclean pots—what he advocated he put into practice himself. Finally we have the amusing anecdote of Gandhi the avid reader, who went through several papers and books in the lavatory which he called his "library."

Discussions on drugs, medical relief, birth control, a practical marriage, non-violence, disarmament, an effective world organisation, untouchability and practical living between Gandhi and his friends, tend to bring out that belief on his part that one should act according to his conviction, whether spiritual or political." Keep your standards right," seemed to be his last word. "Everything else will follow sooner or later." Indeed, Gandhi, as Bharatan Kumarappa points out was the Great Experimenter; at one stroke and in one action so many reforms which he advocated were woven into the fabric of his life.

The book gives us fleeting glimpses, too, into his South African life, his early journalistic experiences, his experiments at the Phoenix Settlement, his visit to the Rollands in Switzerland, his stay in London at the time of the Round Table Conferences, his comentous visits to Bengal and finally the little incidents of his daily life. In fact the volume, which includes contributions by such distiguished figures as Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Mirabehn, Dr. Sushila Nayyar, Shri Birla, Acharya Kripalani, Dr. Fisher, Dr. Catlin, Mrs. Polak, Mademoiselle Rolland, and Professor Tan Yun-shan should prove a rich supplement to recent biographies of the Mahatma. However, it is the understanding of the man himself, part from the worship offered to him, in other books that lends its particular value to "Incidents of Gandhiji's life."

Useful Reference

Good reference books are still a rarity in India but it can be said that the "New Year Book 1949" can take its place among these limited few. Many new subjects have been included this year in addition to the old ones and the book includes comprehensive chapters on Agriculture, Public Health population and education, all India Services, Labour, the Armed Forces. Political parties in India and the shape of Future India as well as a record of recent events and dates, statistics, and a Who's Who. Pakistan has been also dealt with in some details.

Burma

"BURMA OUR NEIGHBOUR". This pamphlet gives the reader within a limited compass of less than 50 pages, a broad picture of moderdn Burma against the background of her geography and political evolution.

"Dufferin"

The establishment of a maritime tradition in India is daily gaining in strength. The training ship Dufferin has already achieved its objective in this direction and the pamphlet "The Training Ship Duffierin" describing in detail life on board ship tells you just how it has done so.

—P. D.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Carping Critics

The frequent references to the memory of the Mahatma in the Constituent Assembly bear witness to the Members' loyalty, but are mostly out of place. Since the Mahatma's martyrdom, many have taken upon themselves the task of interpreting the Gandhian Message, and the result is confusion. In the debate on salaries of the President of the Indian Union in the Constituent Assembly, Mr. Mahabir Tyagi—the last word means one who has sacrificed—plumped for plain living and high thinking. He wanted the President to work in an honorary capacity. Mr. Shibbanlal Saxena who invoked the name of Mahatma launched a vicious attack on the proposal to pay what he thought high salaries to the Executive and the Judiciary. Mr. Rajagopalachari does not need lessons in simplicity from Mr. Mahabir Tyagi, and, if the leaders of the nation had decided to fix the salary at a certain level, it is because they feel that the dignity of that high office requires it and the country can afford it. The temptation to refuse a salary and appropriate the applause of the mob appeals to cheaper minds.

Changed Values

When Sardar Patel said the other day that it was a long way from Karachi to Delhi—he was referring to the Karachi resolution of the Indian National Congress which fixed the maximum salary at Rs. 500 a month—he was not being cynical, but anticipating or answering criticisms like Mr Tyagi's, which have been insistent. Mr. Tyagi is aghast at the prospect of the President of the Union receiving Rs 10,000 a month, which, when Income Tax is deducted, is likely to diminish appreciably. Can India not afford to pay its highest executive some six thousand rupees? There are many business firms which are paying their employees much higher salaries, while, in professions like medicine and law, there are thousands who make a much bigger sum. Mr. Tyagi and his friends are obsessed with the saffron robe and all that it implies. The Indian peasant and the town-dweller, fortunately, have no such inhibitions. They love a good show, and, like the common people all over the world, they would like their rulers to enjoy the good things of life, and if there is a state procession, they will flock to see it. Life as it is is too drab; let us not grudge the few occasions which lend some colour to it. Mr. Tyagi made some slighting references to the "pomp" of office. Mr. Tyagi might not have been to Mysore, but he might have heard that the "pomp" connected with the Dusserah is an event not only in the life of the Maharajah but in the lives of many Mysoreans, and if they do not want the State of Mysore to be "merged" in a State Union or a new Province, it is largely because of this.

Public Telephones

A mill worker's wife gave birth to a child on a local railway station platform last Monday because no one would allow her husband the use of a telephone to summon the municipal ambulance.

Among those who refused the use of the telephone were the textile mill, where he works and the local station master. No doubt they can quote rules and regulations about not allowing the use of telephones to outsiders. If there is a desire, an understanding man can stretch a rule but only his sense of humanity can make him do that. The message rate system has also made telephone subscribers conscious of annas This highlights how difficult it is for the general public to get at the phone in an emergency. Sometimes it becomes next to impossible for love or money. One cannot blame also the much-harassed subscribers, who are forced to be rude because of the number of demands made on their telephones. If they are too lenient, they also get a warning from the Telephone authorities. The best way out seems to be the immediate restoration of all public telephones, which were cut out during the war years and still not replaced. Bombay is a modern city and to deny the benefit of a telephone to the ordinary citizen seems to be unfair. This also interferes with the efficient running of the city. The telephone authorities ought to give the first priority to the restoration of all public telephones, which were in existence before the war and also add many more for the use of the public

President's Salary

The raising of the salary of the Head of the State from the present Governor-General's Rs. 5,500 free of Income Tax to the future President's Rs. 10,000 a month subject to Income Tax is a wise move and those who are critical of it as extravagance, are straining at a gnat. There are many things that need to be set right but this is not one of them. After all, one can err by underpaying but it is a commendable achievement that the President's salary should be brought under Income Tax and a possible source of confusion avoided. It is important that, as far as humanly possible, everything should be regularised and put on a routine so that leakages are few and limited. Exemption from Income Tax for any dignitary seems a heinous offence which it is difficult for those of us who have some lingering influence of the past, to pass unnoticed. In the Indian Parliament, there was a great deal of justifiable protest against the freedom from Income Tax allowed to the President and it is a happy omen that the protest has yielded result Of course, the new decision has also evoked some criticism. The emoluments which have been retained, have attracted more notice and there is bound to be a great deal of comment objecting to this. But why not ask for the complete extinction of all Presidents? There is something to be said for a well-paid President; there is something to be said for no President; but there is nothing to be said for a President whose salary and emoluments are constantly under fire.

Towards Solution?

The U. N. Political Committee has set up a 21-nation sub-committee to consider all proposals for the future of Italy's former colonies. For the purpose for which it has been set up the sub-committee could profitably have been smaller. Nevertheless, it is welcome. The debate on the subject in the Political Committee had revealed a tendency on the part of many to reluctance in dealing with the problem of Italian colonies in a decisive manner. Indeed, not many came forward to speak inspite of the Chairman's urgent and repeated invitation. The reason is not very obscure. Having lost hopes of manoeuvring the United Nations into betraying the colonies back into Italian hands, the pro-Italian and anti-Independence members got rather confused as to the alternative to the deal that they could not bring off. The confusion has not yet disappeared as is obvious from the different proposals put forward by the leading pro-Italian members The sub-committee can, if it means business, resolve the confusion. And, again if it means business. it has already before it the best and most equitable and democratic solution in the shape of India's resolution. The sub-committee is to report by Saturday. Let us hope it will be the right kind of report.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Water Divining

Some time back I was told that a Water-Dowsers' Society had been formed somewhere in India with the object of popularising the use of 'Divining Rods' for locating water under the ground in the famine tracts.

The danger in these experiments is that when a person finds that his attempts with the rod or twig fail to detect the existence of underground water at any particular spot in any locality, he is tempted to give up the effort, not knowing that the failure may have been due to the rod or twig being affected by radiations from his own body; when the "wave lengths of an individual's cells happen to be resonant with the wave lengths of the earth rays, the twig or the divining rod functions; when not, there is no response". Hence, if one person's trials do not fructify, another should repeat the performance in the same locality, and it is probable he will meet with success where the other failed.

Another point to be remembered in this connection is that the power of the earth rays varies. It has been found that if the stream of water in the earth was near the surface, the magnetic effect upon the rays of the earth was weak while streams or channels deep down in the earth were the strongest producers of earth currents. That is why water veins 400 to 500 feet below the surface violently agitate the divining rod or the twig while that 100 deep gives a weaker reaction.

"Water-trees" are another type of Nature's mysteries. In the year 1590, Leonardo Torriani, Engineer from Cremona, conveyed in his report to H. M. King Philip II an interesting news that in the island of "Hierro" a tree named "GAROA"—a Holy Tree—otherwise known as the incorruptible "Tilo" (Til), so thick that hardly four men could embrace it, had a great hollow under which sap-like water collected. When the wind blew at that place, clouds gathered and by the force of the wind and the heat of the sun they rose slowly until they reached the tree, keeping the clouds in between the numerous dense branches and leaves which soaked like cotton and by condensation the water dropped into the hollow. In the year 1612, however, a cyclone destroyed the tree and with it the inhabitants of the island of "Hierro" ceased to enjoy the benefits of the water from this tree. Lauraceas (Oreidaphne Foetens, Nees Ocotea Foetens Benth et H.) was the family name of this magic tree. Are such wonderful trees found in India's forests?

—R. V. KAIKINI.

Social Conscription

Pandit Jawaharlal's plea for social conscription comes not a day too soon. He stated the other day that everybody must do some physical work in the larger interest of the nation. "Social Conscription" and all that goes with it may appear to be something novel to some people here but this is most common in most of the foreign countries.

When harvests are threatened, all the population turns out and works in the fields doing all odd jobs willingly. The story of a high Government official from Poland is famous. He had the rank of a Minister and yet he worked in the fields like an ordinary labourer.

I feel that it is high time we take a leaf out of these inspiring examples. Our students who seem to have developed an unquenchable thirst for matters political and some of our "social workers" who do nothing more than do their best to magnify local issues to a national level, would do well to emulate the worthy examples.

J. K. SINGH.

Public Servants

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Mr. B. G. Kher have said that they are the servants of the public but the way in which the public are treated shows that this has practically no effect on the attitude and conduct of many public servants. The Government can stop this evil in no time by issuing strict instructions.— Even problems like food and black marketing can be solved if the Government takes a realistic view of the situation. It is not by making appeals to the public or by fixing prices in newspapers the black market can be stopped but only by police measures. Special police officers and staff should be stationed in each market. They must have power to enter and search shops, godowns and other premises to seize all hoarded stocks and to force the shop-keepers to sell their goods at the fixed prices. Similarly if food crops are not grown on land, it should be seized and handed over to the Agricultural Department, who will grow food crops. Nothing can be done to check the black market without police measures.

—A REALIST.

Scarcity In Hyderabad

..I have just returned from Hyderabad and found that the food situation there is acute. Only in Hyderabad city there is rationing of foodgrains but in the districts there is only partial rationing and that too for only those whose income is upto Rs. 200 per month. In Aurangabad, where there is partial rationing, recently for two weeks no foodgrains were available at the rationing shops except maong. Jowar, which is the chief diet of the people is not available. Only wheat and rice are available at the ration shops. The rice is of inferior quality. In the open market wheat is sold at Re. 1 per seer and rice is being sold at Rs. 1-8 per seer, which are as bad as the black market prices. At most of the places in the state wheat is selling at Rs. 200 for three maunds and rice is selling at Rs. 180 for three maunds. Black market and profiteering continues openly. No attempt is being made by the Government to check the soaring prices. This can be remedied only by introducing full rationing of foograins, including Jowar or by lifing the ban on the movement of the foodgrains. This will put an end to profiteering in jowar and rice. If there is a shortage of jowar why was it sent from the state to Saurashtra? It is time that an inquiry was instituted into the food shortage in Hyderabad.

—G. B. PARIKH

BOMBAY, MAIN BASE OF R.I.N.

Naval Chief Stresses Strategic Position

NEW DELHI, Oct. 12: Bombay is going to be the main base of the R.I.N. and its defence is a matter of great strategic importance. The improvement of its dockyard is under active consideration while provision of family accommodation for R.I.N. officers and Ratings is being made.

Thus observed Vice-Admiral Parry, Commander-in-Chief, Indian Navy, when he opened the third Senior Naval Officers' Conference which ended its two-day session here on Tuesday.

Welcoming the officers, the Admiral said that he hoped to have these conferences at intervals of about six months hereafter as they promoted better understanding between the senior officers of the R.I.N.; and facilitated the handling of intricate problems.

Andhra Satyagraha Deferred

VIJAYAWADA, Oct. 12 (U. P. I.): The Working Committee of the Andhra Maha Sabha has decided to postpone its proposed Satyagraha campaign on the Andhra Province issue for two months and has advised its sub-committee only to enlist volunteers.

OPEN AIR

The Antigonon, or, to give it its more familiar name, the Ice-cream Creeper, is one of the most rampant of our creepers—in fact it grows so quickly and seeds so prolifically in our gardens that it becomes rather a nuisance, but its delicate trusses of blossom of creamy-white, pale or deep pink are so beautiful that it becomes difficult to be sufficiently hard hearted to uproot it! The flowers of the Ice-cream Creeper, which cluster thickly along the delicate pinkish flower stalks, are rather peculiar in formation as we see when we look at them closely. Each flower has five coloured perianth leaves, an outer row of three which are much larger than the two inner ones. The eight stamens surrounding the pistil have golden anthers borne on deep pink filaments which vary from each other in length. Different creepers have their own peculiar means of climbing, and the Antigonon is no exception, for the ends of its flower-stalks are elongated into tendrils which cling strongly to any convenient support and help the plant to draw itself up into the light. It is rare to find the tendrils arising from the flower-stems. We generally find them instead arising from the main stem as in the grape vine and passion flower or from the leaves as in the glory lily.

ICECREAM PLANT

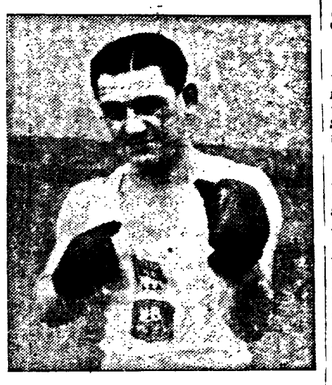
—D. E.

Ron Latham Outpoints Raymond

PRINCE'S LUCKY WIN AGAINST BEVAN

Grand Display By Obeyesekere In Rangers International Boxing

OBEYESEKERE.



RON LATHAM.

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Ron Latham, the A.B.A. lightweight Raymond of India. Latham is shades the Indian to many a tight corner. hani-Mencent Belt by Mr. Oscar H. awarded the trophy for the best loser Club Invitation, Boxing Tournament. the setting for so big a crowd never in India and Bombay in particular.

scored a convincing win over Gene above Gene and his hard hitting set Latham was presented with the Sing- Brown and Gene Raymond was of the evening in the Tenth Rangers The Brabourne Stadium was quite before seen in the annals of Boxing

The standard of boxing served this evening was of a high order and the crowd returned home fully satisfied. The fight between Raymond and Latham was recorded and will be flown to England as early as possible.

The other two international bouts ended in a win for India and Ceylon. India's victory came in the first one when Peter Prince squeezed in a decision against Ivor Bevan of Ceylon and Obeyesekere (Ceylon) gained a narrow points decision against Vincent Pereira India.

The quality of a real boxer was in evidence when Rau Latham started to receive as well as dish out. He was quick on his feet and he packed really hard ones that began to tell on Raymond. Latham's left hook was used as a finishing stroke while he attacked with his cleverly directed right which he extended fully.

The second round saw Latham master the Indian Raymond with his terrific head blows and with one right clip, Raymond was seen to be stunned and was on the down grade. Latham followed through with some more accurate rights and lefts and Raymond was lucky when the gang saved him.

Once again in the third and final round the British Latham had Raymond completely at his mercy and Gene Raymond appeared to be tiring and was going wild unable to connect directly but Latham used some good finishing rights and left that had Raymond all at sea. A very interesting fight in which Latham was completely out and out the better man.

The fight round by round and blow for blow:—

FIRST ROUND:—Raymond centred two feeble lefts in a cautious start. Latham slips Raymond's left and connects with left right to the stomach. Fall into a clinch break. Latham connects with a left-right-left to the head. Raymond connects straight left to Latham's head and follows up with a wild right hand upper-cut. Latham getting measure of opponent steps in with hard right to Gene's stomach. Hard left by Latham countered by right across by Raymond. Raymond leads with left Latham slips blow and counters with vicious right to Raymond's cheek bone. Hard left to the stomach by Latham slows down Raymond who sends a wild right which lands on top of Latham's head. Raymond recovers with snappy left jab but Latham continuing aggresively scores with two hard rights to the stomach. a left to the jaw and lands damaging body punch before the first round ends. LATHAN'S ROUND.

SECOND ROUND:—Latham leads with a right, left followed up by a hard right. Latham maintaining aggressiveness hard left Raymond counters with right to body. Gene Clinches, Latham punishing body blows. Right left by Latham followed by hard right to stomach. Both slugged in centre ring. Latham right left to the body. Left hook by Raymond lands high on Latham's head. Left followed by right by Latham. Raymond's mouthpiece drops. Latham lashes out and forces Raymond to corner. Raymond fights way out to centre ring. Latham connects with smashing left as the round ends. LATHAM'S ROUND.

ROUND THREE:—Raymond leads with left. Latham brushes it aside looking for opening. Hard right by Latham followed up by straight left and two left-rights. Latham very aggressive crashes hard right to Raymond's ribs. Raymond counters with hard right but Latham returns to attack with a fast "one-two". Fail into a clinch. Right-left by Raymond followed by hard left to Latham's stomach. Latham unaffected counters with smashing left-hook to Raymond's jaw. A damaging left and right knocks mouth piece out of Raymond's mouth. Fall into a clinch they break and Latham forces damaging right to Raymond's stomach. Raymond fast tiring backs but Latham connects a staggering right before final bell rings. LATHAM'S ROUND AND FIGHT.

The human "hair pin" B. D'Sa commenced the evening's programme when he faced C. Pereira of M. M. V. Poona. D'Sa was rather tame in the opening round, but showed his real self in the second when he kept delivering the blows merciless and it was the bell that saved Pereira a battering in this round. Pereira surprised all by making a grand recovery and let D'Sa taste a few got erratic ones. D'Sa failed twice with the uppercut and lasted out to win on points.

Stoker Woods and Lobo of Nagpada seemed to be rather erratic from the start and were pitching

PETER PRINCE.

blows wildly. Lobo used his defence well and managed to get a few hooks but they were packed with power. Lobo made capital of the third and last round to send out some fast punches which got its mark and Lobo managed a close decision on points.

Havildar Kelkar the policeman started a routine swing to the head of Ivor Barnett and soon he had him pinned in his own corner and Ivor could take it no longer. The referee stopped the fight in the first round.

Another quick decision followed when M. Blauchette of M.M.V. had Shroff of Zoroastrians completely staggering in the opening round send his man down to the carpet on four occasions. Shroff could no longer keep his feet and was knocked out on a technical decision.

Seaman Costello of the Royal Navy and His Majesty's Ship "Flamingo" was concerned in a really grand fight with Kothare of Rangers. Kothare had the shorty thinking for some time when he dealt out some fast one but then Costello recovered to put up a really grand fight dishing out whatever he could with his short reach when it came to the last round. Costello had the fight running neck to neck and lost rather narrowly. He was the gamest fighter

Roquizinho who recently was having a run of bad luck managed to survive a gruelling fight with plucky Aaron and with his stamina this time in better shape Aaron was unlucky and lost an advantage. Roquizinho sent in his usual punishing shots right from the start, but retaliation on the part of Aaron was soon and quite on even fight was witnessed. Roquizinho won on points.

Michael Carvalho and H. Ferreira were concerned in a hard fought fight which ran neck to neck till both expended all their energy and finished rather tired out. Carvalho won on points.

The last fight of the evening between India and Ceylon in which Vincent Pereira and Obeyesekere sparred showed up to be quite an even fight. Vincent tried to find the openings but the Ceylonese boxer was keeping his guard very well. Vincent was thus unable to score and rightly the decision ran in favour of Obeyesekere. Both of these fighters received nasty cuts. Vincent got one on his eye in the second round while Obeyesekere received a cut just above the nose. Obeyesekere packs a wallop in his left and has an effective left hook. Vincent's right is rather tame and he rarely uses his left.

The fight that caused the crowd to dissapprove of the decision of the referee was the second international fight of the evening between Peter Prince of Rangers and India and Ivor Bevan of Ceylon. Peter was warned on two occasions, once for hitting below the belt and then for holding. In the second round Bevan was put on the carpet for a count of three Bevan was on top in the second round after having lost the first. Peter was also sent down to the carpet for a count of two. Bevan was dishing out agressive rights and lefts but Peter countered with many more lefts and rights to Bevan's jaw which scored. Peter gained the referees decision luckily.

Marsden of the Dufferin was awarded the trophy for the best boxer of the evening when he gave a superbly high scientific display of boxing against N. Ballard of Rangers. Both boxers were very good and fought a clean fight. Marsden won on points

Peter Prince 144 lbs. (India-Rangers) beat Ivor Bevan 136 lbs. (Ceylon) on points.

P. Khatau who was a junior upto his last fight fought his first senior bout this evening when he celebrated it by beating his opponent E. Reubens of M.M.V. Poona on a T.K.O. the referee having to stop the fight in the first round. Khatau was actually too fast and is developing into a grand fighter.

The fight between D.Woods of Rangers had quite the ordinary way when both boxers took things quite easy. Stoker E. Kapper took whatever hits with a degree of calmness and sent in some punishing ones when an opening was possible.

It was quite a surprise to see referee Panton stop the fight between Gene Vandergucht and Lockwood both of Rangers in the second round when Lockwood received a cut over his eye and without consulting the medical man on duty. In awarding a T.K.O. decision in favour of Vandergucht, this fighter has yet to lose a fight in the Rangers tournament.

Leading Seaman Sharma of the Royal Indian Navy proved too good for A. B. Turner of the Royal Navy and His Majesty's Ship "Flamingo". Sharma burly and heavier packed some very good punches and heavy blows. Turner was quick but was unable to get a good reach of his opponent.

A. Thomas of B.E.S.T. had the misfortune of getting a straight right below the belt which caused the referee to disqualify J. Salins in the second round. Thomas started off rather shakily but soon got round to punish Salins before he had to be carried away with the unfortunate blow under the belt.

The following were the results:—

B. D'Sa 114 lbs (Petits) beat C. Pereira 118 lbs (M.M.V. Poona) on points.

B. E. Lobo (N.N.H.) 132 lbs beat Stoker D. Woods (R.I.N.) 130 lbs on points

Havildar Kelkar (Rangers) 109 lbs beat Ivor Barnett (Rangers) 116 lbs on a T.K.O. The referee stopped the fight in the first round.

M. Blanchette (M.M.V.) 141 lbs beat D. Shroff (Zoroastirans) 143 lbs on a technical knock out.

E. Kothare (Rangers) 111 lbs beat Seaman H. Costello (R.N. and H.M.S. "Flamingo") 107 lbs on points.

P. Khatau (Petits) 108 lbs beat E. Reubens (M.M.V. Poona) 111 lbs on a T.K.O. the referee stopping the fight in first round.

Ron Latham 134 lbs (Great Britain) beat Gene Raymond 136 lbs (India) on points.

D. Woods 113 lbs (Rangers) beat Stoker E. Kapper 114 lbs (R.I.N.) on points.

Gene Vandergucht 118 lbs (Rangers) beat H. Lockwood 122 lbs (Rangers) on a T.K.O. the referee stopping the fight in the second round.

Leading Seaman Sharma 130 lbs. (R.I.N.) beat A. B. Turner 127 lbs (R.N.) on points.

A. Thomas 112 lbs. (B.E.S.T.) beat J. Salins 112 lbs. (Petits) on a disqualification.

Salins was disqualified for hitting below the belt in the second round.

F. Roquizinho 124 lbs. (Bombay Goans) beat M. Aaron 124 lbs. (MacCabi) on points.

M. Carvalho 144 lbs. (Bombay Goans) beat H. Ferrier (147 lbs. (B.E.S.T.) on points.

Cadet D. Marsden 129 lbs. (Dufferin) beat N. Ballard 130 lbs. (Rangers) on points.

A. Obeyesekere 145 lbs. (Ceylon) beat Vincent Pereira 144 lbs. (Rangers-India) on points.

Champion Stakes Runners

LONDON, Oct. 12 (PTI-Reuter): Following are the probable runners and jockeys for the Champion Stakes, to be run over 1 1/4 miles at Newmarket tomorrow:

Djeddah 9-0 (Charlie Elliott); Impeccable 9-0 (Michael Beary); Krakatao 8-8 (Gordon Richards); Barnes Park 8 8 (Athol Mulley); Pambidian 8-5 (Rae Johnstone).

Total five probables.

SHROFF SURPRISED BY MUKUL DESAI

Students Y.M.C.A.T.T.

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The first upset in the students Y.M.C.A. Open Table Tennis Tournament was provided this evening when M. M. Desai surprised seeded Soli L. Shroff in the first round of the Men's singles.

Mukul Desai was in splended form against Shroff; his brilliant defence confused his opponent whose aggressive tactics failed to pay dividends. Every time Shroff tried to score aces Mukul returned his shots and forced his rival to hit out scoring for himself valuable points and won the first game easily at 21-10. In the second game Shroff realised his mistake and waited for his opponent to do the attacking and from his errors he scored his points and the game at 21-17. In the deciding game both players were cautious and refused to take any risks. They were level at 5 all but thereafter Mukul Desai maintained his lead with Shroff trying his utmost to save the game but his opponent was well placed and lasted out to win.

In the other exciting match, young A. I. Jacob almost won his match against Jayu Patkar. The diminutive player played a splendid game in the first set and won over the extra points. In the second game he had the match within his grasp but failed at the all important match point. In the eagerness to settle the issle he attempted to smash but over hit and Patkar making capital use of this mistake drew level and then won the set over the extra points at 26-24 In the deciding game the pace of Patkar had already taken its toll of young Jacob's stamina and he could not cope up with the speed of Patkar's returns and lost the match at 21-17.

I. R. Joosab the Islam Gymkhana Junior Singles Champion accounted for K. G. V. Krishna in two straight games. The latter who is a former Mysore Provincial player found it very difficult to counter the brilliant hitting of his young rival.

The Following are the results:—

LADIES SINGLES

First Round

M. Bharucha beat S. Sethi 21-9; 21-9. D. O. Mistry beat A. J. Patel 21-11, 21-14; S. Dharap beat S. F. Cooper 21-11, 21-11; Indu Desai beat M. A. Laljee 21-8, 21-6; A. R. Joosab w.o. S. Thimaya; S. F. Motiwalla beat R. Satarwalla 21-13, 21-15; Jaya Wallawalkar beat B. Modawalla 21-14, 21-12; K. R. Lotwalla beat P. Venkatrao 21-18, 21-14.

MEN'S SINGLES

(Third Quarter) 1st Round

K. G. V. Krishna w.o. "A" Player V. B. Shanbag w.o. "M" Player; A N. Joshi w.o. R. S. Ayer; J. N. Waterwalla w.o. N. R. Samant; I. R. Joosab beat H. J. Kapadia 21-15, 23-21; Y. M. Choksey beat R. P. Dhebri 21-10, 21-16; S. B. Jog beat I. A. Laljee 21-18, 15-21, 24-22; F. N. Pardiwalla beat R. W. Dhurandhar 21-14, 21-18; R. M. Zaveri beat R. J. Kailanpur 21-14, 21-8; M. D. Damania w.o. R. J. Dawda; M. Masters beat U. S Desai 21-17, 17-21, 22-20; Y. S. Vyas beat S. V. Patwardhan 21-4, 21-4; P. Kumar beat R. B. Kondaji 21-14, 21-12; B. Hemant w.o. A. Seth; N. K Mantri beat S. V. Wagh 21-19, 17-21, 21-17; R. D. Diwan beat Lucas Duarte 23-21, 21-17.

SECOND ROUND

Y. S. Vyas beat M. Masters 21-7, 21-9; S. B. Jog beat V. M. Choksey 21-14, 21-15; P. Kumar beat F. N Pardiwalla 21-14, 21-8; V. B. Shanbaug beat A. N. Joshi 21-7, 21-12; I R. Joosab beat K. G. V. Krishna 21-17 22-20; R. M. Zaveri beat B. Hemanth 22-20 21-18; J. M. Waterwala beat N. K. Mantri 21-9, 21-16; M. D. Damania beat R. D. Diwan 21-13, 21-18.

MEN'S SINGLES

First Round (4th Quarter)

A. I. Jacob beat Rohit Zaveri 21-10, 21-15; U. S. Bangera beat D. H. Varde 21-8, 21-14; J. S. Patkar beat B. R. Laud 21-8, 21-5; D. D. Walawalkar beat N. J. Nensey 21-9, 21-12; D. M. Kamat beat B. J. Tawadia 21-13, 21-16; N. B. Samant w.o. B. N. Limaye; R. S. Mani w.o. 'C' Player; R. P. Multani w.o. 'R' Player; S. Sodhi beat S. N. Desai 21-17, 21-13; D. M Dalal beat M. Bhatt 21-19, 21-7 M. M. Desai beat S. L. Sroff 21-10, 17-21 21-14; S. N. Gandhi beat E. C. Barua 21-14, 21-10; K. R. Panjri beat T. M Rasal 21-14, 16-21, 21-17; N. B. Mistry beat S. Narayan 21-10, 21-18; S. R. Irani beat N. D. Parker 14-21, 21-12, 21-9; R. N. Ugrankar beat G. Sahadeo 16-21, 24-22, 28-26.

(Second Round)

M. M. Desai beat R. P. Multani 21-12, 21-18; N. B. Samant beat S. Sodhi 21-9, 21-17; D. D. Walawalkar beat D. M. Kamat 21-12, 21-19; J. S. Patkar beat A. I. Jacob 20-22, 26-24, 21-17; N. B. Mistry beat R. S. Money 21-8, 21-10; U. S. Bangera beat S. R. Irani 21-13, 21-19; K. P. Panjri beat D. M. Dalal 21-18, 21-17; S. N. Gandhi beat R. N. Ugrankar 21-12, 18-21, 21-15.

NARESH KUMAR ELIMINATED

National Covered Court Tennis Championship

LONDON, Oct. 12 (PTI-Reuter).—Naresh Kumar, of Calcutta, was eliminated in the third round of the men's singles in the National Covered Courts Lawn Tennis Championships here today, losing 6-3, 3-6, 3-6, to Philip Hanna, of the United States.

INDIAN LINGIAD TEAM HONOURED

Favourable Impression Created World Over

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"The Indian team at Lingiad created a very favourable impression on the minds of the physical culturists from all over the world", said Mr. N. Y. Deshpande, the chief organiser of the team which arrived from Stockholm yesterday.

Mr. Deshpande who was addressing a press conference added that about 17,000 gymnasts representing 33 different countries of the world took part in the festival of the World Physical Culture Congress, held at Stockholm. The Indian team which was the only team from an Asian country gave an eight-day display including dances, music performances, surya namaskars and various feats of yogic culture.

Mr. Deshpande further stated that the Indian Legation at Stockholm, India House in London and the Indian Military Mission at Germany were very helpful to the team during its tour.

Mr. Deshpande who is a recruitment liason officer of the C. P. and Berar Government's Home Guards Organisation was also deputed by his Government to study the methods of the World Physical Culture Congress with a view to introducing these methods in the physical training of the Home Guards in the province. He will shortly submit his report to the Government.

FOUR WICKETS FOR VIJAY HAZARE

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 11 (PTI): A three-day festival cricket match between Gujarat and Yuvraj of Baroda XI started here today. Gujarat scored 248 runs for all out at the end of the day.

Reshamwala was the highest scorer with 46 runs, Gujarat skipper, Khambatta, hit two sixers off Amir Elahi.

GUJARAT (1st Innings): Uddayan Baronet c Elahi b Vivek Hazare 5, Nakhuda lbw Vivek Hazare 34, Girdhari c Elahi b Vivek Hazare 9, Kishanchand c Vijay Hazare b Amir Elahi 31, Jotindra Shodhan b Vijay Hazare 2, Khambatta c Yuvraj b Amir Elahi 22, Walter b Dutta Gaikwad 39. Reshamwala b Vijay Hazare 46, Jasu Patel c Vichare b Vijay Hazare 7, Prabhodh Pandya not out 29, Braham Bhat b Vijay Hazare 7, Total 248.

AVE MARIA CUP DRAW.

St. Joseph's Of Goa Making Trip

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Eleven teams, including St. Joseph's High School Arpora (Goa) will contest for the Ave Maria Cup tournament this year. St. Joseph's from Goa who are due to arrive in Bombay on Saturday morning by steamer, will meet the Young Aryans in a match that very evening at 3-15 p.m. at the Brabourne Stadium. St. Joseph's team will compose of the following players:

Macario Fernandes (Siolim), Diogo D'Silva and Bento Fernandes from Assolna, Camilo Cardoso (Candolim), Domnick D'Souza, Justino D'Souza, Candido D'Souza and Ramnath Arambolcar from Anjuna, Josue Alvares, Peter Mascarenhas, Lawrence D'Souza and Francis Noronha from Calangute, Julio Fernandes from Chorao, Amorim D'Costa from Santo Estevao, Roque Ferrao from Tivim and Tommy Pinto from Parra.

The draw of the Ave Maria Cup is as follows:—

TOP HALF: Burmah-Shell Bye vs. Pdr. Angelo S. C. Bye; Siolim XI vs. Divar Association United; Colva S. C. Bye.

LOWER HALF: Cumcolim Union Bye; Volkart Bros. vs. Young Aryans S. C.; Navelim S. C. vs St. Michael's Anjuna S. C.; St. Joseph Arpora High School (Goa) Bye.

The Bombay Goans Athletic Association will recommence their soccer programme at the Brabourne Stadium on Thursday when Cumcolim Union will meet St. Michael's Anjuna S. C. in the B. G. A. A. Championship at 5-15 p.m.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

ST. XAVIER GROUND PAREL

4-20 p.m. R. I. N. 'B' vs Blue Wizards (Das Cup).

5-20 p. m. Indian Gymkhana vs General Motors (Das Cup).

TABLE TENNIS

STUDENTS Y.M.C.A. LAMINGTON ROAD

5-30 p.m. Junior Singles Second Round.

6-00 p.m. Ladies Doubles first and second rounds

6-30 p. m. Men's Doubles first and second rounds upper half.

7-30 p. m. Men's Doubles first and second rounds Lower half.

KHATAU S. C. IN H. V. M. FINAL

Parel Soccer

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Khatau Sports Club qualified for the final of the H.V.M. Cup at the expense of the junior string of G.I.P. Railway this evening at the St. Xavier's ground.

Khatau were the first to take the offensive and had the railway defence hard pressed, but they withstood these attacks. Midway through this period M. Govindraj of Khatau was injured and had to be carried off the field. He took no further part in the game due to a sprained ankle.

Despite having to play with ten men Khatau had as much of the game as their rivals, with opposing defenders holding sway over the respective attackers as a result of which neither goalie was tested.

The teams changed sides with the scoreboard blank and in the first minute of the second period Khatau secured the winning goal when J. Baboo darted through the rival defence and scored from close in.

The Railway, stung by this reverse, threw everything into the attack in an attempt to gain the much-desired equaliser, and the Khatau defenders had their hands full trying their best to ward off the repeated raids of the railwaymen. They crowded out their rival forwards, never allowing them a proper chance to shoot. The winners made a few occasional breakaways, but the Railway goalkeeper dealt effectively with all their attempts.

JUNIOR ROVERS CUP

Earlier in the evening, H.M.I. Dockyard 'A' swamped Volkart Bros. to the tune of seven goals to one in an entirely one-sided encounter in the Junior Rovers Cup Tournament.

Stop Press

U. S. ATTITUDE TO CHINA

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12, (PTI-Reuter): Senator Tom Connally, Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relation Committee, told reporters today that Mr. Dean Acheson, in a closed sitting of the Committee today gave a "complete report" on the entire Asiatic situation and discussed "the probable recognition" later of a Communist Government in China.

CURFEW CLAMPED IN CANTON

HONG KONG, Oct. 12, (PTI-Reuter): A report from Canton said the city was blacked out one hour earlier tonight as new curfew regulations were enforced.

LIBYA'S FUTURE

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 12 (PTI): The 21-Nation Sub-Committee set up by the United Nations' Political Committee today unanimously agreed on the principle of granting immediate independence to the former Italian colony of Libya.

But it was unable to agree on the length of time that should elapse before independence became effective, and adjourned until later today.

PRESENT

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12: Before leaving, Mrs. Bolton presented Pandit Nehru with a book of maxims of George Washington and expressed the hope that it would always make him remember his visit to Mount Vernon. Pandit Nehru thanked Mrs. Bolton for the present.

Coming into the main hall, Pandit Nehru signed the visitors' register. India's Prime Minister signed 'Jawaharlal Nehru—New Delhi" India's Ambassador signed "Vijayalakshmi Pandit".

R

For selling Dalda Tin at a higher than the controlled price KANTILAL GUNWANTRAI BAXI was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 1,000 or in default to undergo four months' rigorous imprisonment.

For serving Hot Milk without a permit CHANDUMA LILARAM was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 200 or in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment and RAMCHANDRA SITARAM was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment.

For obtaining Bajri unlawfully VASANJI ASU SANTA was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 100 or in default to undergo one month's simple imprisonment. For a similar offence JAFFAR LADESAB was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 10 or in default to undergo one week's simple imprisonment.

For supplying Bajri unlawfully VASANJI ASU and JIWANJI LALJI were each sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 50 or in default to undergo one month's simple imprisonment.

WITHOUT RICE AND WHEAT— WHAT YOU CAN EAT

Rice and wheat are certainly not the only articles of food that give sustenance to human body. There are other foods which are as good, even better than rice and wheat. We can do without rice and wheat, either totally or in part, by eating other such equally good and nutritious foods provided we make a little effort to change our food habits.

Jawaharlal Nehru, our Prime Minister, has made it clear that the present National food emergency demands change in our food habits and that we must make greater use of subsidiary Foods.

On Friday 14th October 1949 the Honourable Minister for Civil Supplies, Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, will declare open at 5 P.M. The Subsidiary Foods Exhibition at the BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN (Harvey Road, Chowpatty).

The Exhibition has been organised by the Bombay Agri-Horticultural Society's Food Committee in order to help us to know how best we can make use of subsidiary foods.

For three days i.e. from 14th October to 16th October, Bombay citizens particularly housewives will have a unique opportunity to see what delicious and nourishing dishes can be made out of subsidiary foods to suit the pockets of rich and poor alike.

The Exhibition will be open from 5 P.M. to 8 P.M. on Friday, the 14th and from 3 P.M. to 8 P.M. on Saturday, the 15th and Sunday, the 16th October, 1949, and the entrance fee is Annas 4 only.

Our Prime Minister, Jawaharlal Nehru has given his blessings to the Exhibition. His message in his own hand will be read at the time of opening the Exhibition.

CESAREWITCH WON BY RANK'S STRATHESPEY

NEWMARKET, Oct. 12 (PTI-Reuter).

JAMES RANK's 4-year-old colt Strathespey, ridden by E. P. H. Smith and starting at 25 to one, won a thrilling race for the Cesarewitch run over two and a quarter miles here this afternoon.

Percy Thompson's Coubrador starting 100 to 8 joint favourite was a head behind second, with Walter Hutchinson's Blue Coral two lengths further away third. Blue Coral started at 50 to one in a field of 37 runners which equalled the previous record established in 1862.

Strathespey, son of former St. Leger winner Scottish Union out of Millrock, did not come on the scene until the closing stages when he warded off a stout challenge from the French-bred Coubrador about whose participation in the race there was some doubt.

Coubrador owned by bookmaker Percy Thompson was heavily backed and started equal favourite with Dorothy Paget's Aldborough, the topweight, ridden by champion jockey Gordon Richards. The winning owner Joseph Rank is brother of film magnate John Arthur Rank and is one of racing's staunchest supporters. Blue Coral is owned by the famous publisher Walter Hutchinson.

Bookmakers sighed with relief as the number of Strathespey went into the frame as their colleague's horse Coubrador had been well supported in this the first half of the autumn double of which the Cambridgeshire run two weeks later forms the second half.

R

SUGAR

From 16th October to 22nd October 1949, sugar, at the rate of 1/2 lb. per head will be issued from all the food grains ration shops including Government Grain Shops and ration shops run by mills, factories and large organisations in the Bombay rationed area, against the current, permanent and temporary ration cards registered at these shops.

Catering establishments will also get sugar against the foodgrains units of their servants shown on the permits, at the rate of 1/4 lb. for each such foodgrains unit.

Residential Institutions and residential catering establishments can get sugar for all persons residing at these establishments, against a special permit which may be obtained from the Rationing Officer (Establishments) in the office of the Controller of Rationing.

Permit holders whose permits are registered with the Rationing Officer (Permits) will have to obtain their supplies from particular Government Grain shops to which they will be directed by the Rationing Officer (Permits).

The Retail price of sugar will be Rs. 0-6-0 per lb. exclusive of sales tax. As sufficient quantities of sugar will be available to meet the full requirements, cardholders are requested to make their purchases, as far as possible, only when they normally draw their food grains rations.

RENEWED BUYING & COVERING IN STEEL$

Scattered Support For Textile Shares

BOMBAY, October 12.

After the recent decline under heavy long liquidation, the Bombay Stock Exchange displayed better tone with short covering and some replacement buying. At present there is increased speculative activity in Tata Steel shares and fairly large turnover is reported. The Government move to reduce prices by 10 per cent created some nervous unloading yesterday but in some quarters it is said that the recent decline of about Rs. 100/- in Tata Steel Defd. shares was mainly due to disappointing. September production in comparision to the preceding month. The recent liquidation has improved the technical situation and ardent bulls are booking for higher quotations in due course.

Tata Steel Defd. shares opened at Rs. 1435/- against yesterday's close at Rs. 1407/8 and advanced at Rs. 1450/- under short covering and replacement buying. At this level the rise was checked by scattered selling and Tata Steel Defds. after declining at Rs. 1440/- steadied at Rs. 1445/-. Ordinary shares, opened at Rs. 284/- and after improving at Rs. 285/- steadied at Rs. 284/-.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1036/- and after advancing at Rs. 1045/- reacted at Rs. 1040/- Kohinoors changed hands at Rs. 274/- and Svadeshi Mill shares after opening at Rs. 255/- advanced at Rs. 259/- and steadied at Rs. 257/-. Scindias were quoted at Rs. 14/7.

Towards the close Tata Steel Dfds. were done at Rs. 1437/8 and Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 284, Bombay Dyeings changed hands at Rs. 1040 and Kohinoors were placed at Rs. 270, Indian Irons were quoted at Rs 29/8 while Bengal Steels were done at Rs. 21, Closing tone was steady.

After the close Tata Steel Defd. shares were quoted at Rs. 1425 on disquieting news from Calcutta.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	1014 4
Kohinoor Mills (3-2)	269 8
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	255 0
Central India Mills (4)	221 0
Simplex Mills (6-8)	184 0
New Great Eastern (8)	145 0
Indore (8)	122 12
Gokak Mills (12)	260 0
Century Spinning (16)	222 8
Indian Bleaching	145 0
Swan Mills (2)	298 0
Finlay Mills (15)	257 0
Morarji Goculdas	436 4
Edward Sassoon (30)	310 0
Meyer (12)	110 0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 12
India United Ord. (0-13-9)	11 2
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1 13 0
Madhusudan Mills (15)	168 12
Podar (S)	136 14
Khatau Makanji (5)	170 0
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	282 8
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1435 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (7-2)	135 12
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	141 8
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-3)	338 12
Belapur Sugar (9)	191 0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (0-3)	31 0
Scindia Steam (0-3)	14 8
Premier Construction	97 0
Tata Chemical	11 9
Tata Oil (2) XD	51 12
Indian Iron (0-12)	29 8
Bengal Steel (0-8-2)	21 0
British India Corp. (0-9)	8 10
Indian Copper	2 9 0
Wimco	186 4
Alcock	248 12
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (25)	1512 8
Andhra Valley (30)	1425 0
Tata Hydro (3)	155 8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (9)	56 8
Phoenix (50)	131 4
Indian Mfg.	2925 0
Kurla XD	107 8
Colaba	118 0
New City (11)	159 6
Minerva (12)	137 8
Bradbury	435 0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4 5
Bharat Mills (2)	29 4
Mysore (4)	170 0
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14 8
Model Mills (12-8)	192 8
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	660 0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	230 10
Western India (40)	2925 0
Standard (15)	223 12
Sholapur Mills (200)	2950 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	16 2
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	51 0
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	255 0
Ahmedabad Advance New	195 0
Sassoon Silk (3) XD	36 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15 8
Madhusudan S (2-8)	35 0
Shrinivas Mills (S)	162 8
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	72 8
Berar Mills	250 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (4-0)	124 6
Ahmedabad New	71 0
Surat Electric (2-8)	138 12
Karachi Electric (2)	136 14
Broach (0-5)	6 12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	7 2
Amalgamated (0-12)	12 8
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26 8
Poona Electricity Supply (9)	133 12
Bombay Suburban XR	145 0
Bombay Suburban New	83 8
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35) XD	1770 0
Imperial Bank P.P. (8-12)	435 0
Central Bank (1-8)	78 0
Central Bank New	79 8
Bank of India (4) XD	174 0
Union (0-5)	7 3
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	119 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40 8
United Commercial (8)7	48 0
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35 12
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	265 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	94 0
INSURANCE	
Oriental (125)	4125 0
Empire (10)	625 0
New India (1-8)	52 8
Jupiter (0-12)	12 12
Vulcan (0-10)	11 13
Indian Mercantile (2)	37 0
Universal (0-4)	11 4
B.I.G. (1)	15 0
Industrial and Prudential Neptune	26 12 7 0
New Great	25 0
All India General	11 14
RAILWAY SHARES	
C.P. (1-14) XD	113 0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	246 4
Bombay Burma New (5)	125 0
Burma Petrol	1 8 3
Mackenzie (6)	65 0
Port Canning (3)	60 12
Kemp & Co. (30)	395 0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	125 0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	85 0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	38 8
Mukund Iron	13 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	16 0
Alembic (15)	161 4
Supreme India X.R.	78 12
Jam Wire (6)	67 4
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	30 0
Indian Cement (1937)	171 4
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	152 8
United Motor	28 0
Associated Cement New (3)	138 8
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Mahmadi Steam	96 0
Gujarat Motor	28 0
Sardar Carbonic X.D.	700 0
Harvey Press	110 0
Estrella Batteries	32 2
Manmad Press	120 0
National Rayon	36 8
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	198 2
Andhra Valley (7)	1235 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1340 0
Hydro Electric (7)	132 8

FREE

To regain lost vigour and vitality just write to get quite free the very interesting "Guide Book" (110 pages).

KAVIRAJ KHAZAN CHAND, B.A.,
Famous Specialist & Gold Medalist,
Hauz Qazi-Delhi (India).

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

TENDER No. RCS/Misc/328/A.

Tenders are invited for a rate contract for the purchase and removal of Coal Ash arisings ex High Explosives Factory, Kirkee.

DURATION OF CONTRACT. For the period of 5 months from 1-11-49 to 31-3-50.

MONTHLY ARISINGS. Approx. 200 tons per month.

Tenders should be submitted in the prescribed form obtainable from the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Bombay at Rs. 5/- per set in cash/Moneyorder. The tender forms contain full particulars of stores, instructions to tenderers, opening date, conditions of contract and inspection permit.

Tenders should be addressed to the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Bombay and should reach him by 11 A.M. on 28-10-49.

Issued by
THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (Disposals)
Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road,
Ballard Estate, BOMBAY 1.

AC/RCD-B/64.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Oct. 12.

The Reserve Bank of India sold today 200 bars of silver at Rs. 165-2 and gold tenders were rejected which were priced at Rs. 112-4. In the meantime Mysore gold is steadily supplying the need.

The rejection of gold tenders for the past three days is creating some doubt in trade circles. Some believe that the Bank will sell when price moves up to about Rs. 115 while others say that there may be some change in the policy of sale.

At present there is seasonal demand for gold owing to approaching Diwali Holidays. But the same is not likely to last long and merchants believe that daily sales of ten thousand tolas of gold will be well over the general requirement and present price will not be maintained. With this new buyers are reluctant.

Kartak delivery silver opened at Rs. 165-4 and advanced at Rs. 166-8 on moderate buying and covering. Thereafter the market reacted at Rs. 166, Ready silver was quoted at Rs. 165-12.

Forward gold opened at Rs. 109-12 and improved at Rs. 110-2 on scattered buying and later steadied at Rs. 109-12. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 114-4 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 75-8.

Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs	as.	p.
Ready Silver	165	14	0
Kartik dely.	166	2	0
Ready Gold	114	4	0
Kartik dely.	109	10	0
Sovereigns	75	8	0

LONDON BULLION
LONDON, October 11.

London Silver Spot and Forward both 64 d.

Gold Bars fine per oz. £ 12/8/0.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Oct. 12.

There was no forward trading in the local cotton market today.

Sir Purshotamdas, the President of the East India Cotton Association is now in the city and a meeting of the Board of Directors will be held this afternoon. The General belief is that some satisfactory solution of the present position will be found. Sir Purshotamdas has served the trade for over fifty years and the Government will trust him to take necessary deciplinary action against those who have done business in new crop months before the Government gave necessary permission.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON
ALEXANDRIA, Oct. 11.

KARNAK November	70.60+60
January	68.80+85
March	67.90+65
ASHMOUzNI October	60. 0+88
December	58.75+65
February	58.60+60

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, October 12.

The local produce market was quietly steady. Groundnuts new crop quality were quoted at Rs. 42/11 while Bold December-January were placed at Rs. 34/8. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	44	8	0
Madras	44	0	0
Bold	44	0	0
Oil local mills	25	2	0
Oil up-country mills	24	0	0
LINSEED—			
Bold	33	10	0
Small	32	8	0
Oil	20	6	0
Castorseeds	26	12	0

SINGAPORE PEPPER PRICES
SINGAPORE, October 11

The pepper market was quiet today and prices were steady, black lampong being quoted ten dollars higher at 610 while white muntok remained unchanged from previous at 750 dollars perpicul exgodown. No business was reported.

Bombay Steamer (6)	237 8
Central India (5)	625 0
Swadeshi Mills	126 4
Vishnu Mills (7)	
Lakshmi Mills	260 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 0
Podar Mills (4)	105 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106 4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	316 4
Surat Electricity (3-4)	137 8
Pre. Construction First	102 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	99 8
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 9
Tata Chemical	117 8
Walchandnagar	130 0
Jupiter	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	110 0
Mackenzie (1st)	85 0
Mackenzie (2)	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mill	50 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 12
Morarji	94 8
National Rayon	74 8
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	103 8
Gula Kajamsingh	8 9
Rubber Planting	17 0
Bombay Steamer	97 0
Indian Hume Pip	101 0
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchandnagar	105 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 10
New Victoria	2 8
New Victoria 2 (Pref.)	4 10
Palton (8)	114 0
Gold Mohor	282 8
New Kaiser Hind	420 0
Sajjan Mills (20)	155 0
Osmanshahi (16)	245 0
Azamshahi	275 0
Air Services	5 12
Air India Tata	70 0
Hind Motor	5 1 6
Indian Steam	8 3

Tone: Firm.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Oct. 12, (PTI-Reuter): New York cotton market is closed today.

LAST QUOTATIONS
BOMBAY, Oct. 12.

	Rs	As.
Silver Kartak	116	3
Gold Kartak	109	10
Silver Bullion	165	15
Gold Ready	114	2
Sovereign	75	8

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

BOMBAY, Oct. 11.

We give below the latest information regarding vessels due to arrive at and sail from Bombay under Agency of Messrs. Volkart Brothers:—

DUE TO ARRIVE AT BOMBAY

From U. S. & Canadian Pacific Ports via Manilla, Indonesia, Straits, Colombo:

S.S. SILVERMAPLE 17th Oct.
S.S. HOEGH SILVERSPRAY 21st Oct.
S.S. SILVERGUAVA 26th Oct.
S.S. SALATIGA 8th Nov.
S.S. SILVERASH 14th Dec.

From U. S. Canadian Atlantic Ports Gulf Mexico via Mediterranean, Persian Gulf and Karachi:

S.S. ZEELAND 14th Oct.
S.S. HOEGH SILVERMOON 1st Nov.
S.S. BORNEO 9th Nov.
S.S. ROEBIAH 19th Nov.
S.S. HOEGH SILVERSTREAM 27th Nov.

From Australia via Singapore, Colombo:

S.S. JOHN BAKKE 20th Oct.

From North Continental and Mediterranean Ports:

S.S. LUTTERKEK 11th Oct
S.S. CERAM 19th Oct.

DUE TO SAIL FROM BOMBAY

For Calcutta via Colombo, Madras:

S.S. LUTTERKERK 16th Oct.
S.S. CERAM 25th Oct.

U. S. Candian & Pacific Ports via Colombo, Straits, Indonesia, Manilla:

S.S. HOEGH SILVERMOON 6th Nov.

Persian Gulf:

S.S. HOEGH SILVERSPRAY 25th Nov.

U. S. Canadian & Pacific Ports via Red Sea Ports and Maditerranean:

S.S. JOHN BAKKE 26th Oct.
S.S. HOEGH SILVERWAVE 13th Oct.

Australia via Colombo, Singapore:

S.S. HOEGH SILVERSTREAM 1st Dec.

North Continent via Red Sea Ports Genoa, Marseilles, Barcelona, Antwerp, Rotterdam.

S.S. ALCYONE 3rd Nov.

BOMBAY, Oct. 12.

ARRIVALS

S.S. LUTTERKERK (Volkart Bros.) from Rotterdam with 8,590 tons, general cargo, on Oct. 11.

S.S. TOWER HILL (Bombay Co. Ltd.) from Antwerp with 5,160 tons, general cargo, on Oct. 12.

DEPARTURES

S.S. DUNDEE for Calcutta with general cargo, on Oct. 10.

S.S. PRES VAN BUREU for New York with 8,100 tons, general cargo, on Oct. 11.

S.S. REVELSTOKE for Port Okha with wheat on Oct. 11.

MADRAS SHARE BAZAR

MADRAS, Oct. 12.

Following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock Exchange:—

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA LOANS: Three per cent Paper 97/6, Three per cent 1986 97/7, Government of Travancore Three per cent 1952/54 100/12, Government of Madras Three per cent 1956 100/8, Three per cent 1960 100.

BANKS: Travancore 13/4.

SUGAR AND BRAWERIES: Mysore 39/8.

PLANTINGS: Chembras CD 4/9, Devashola 13/2, Nelliampathy 1/0/6, Pullangode 1/2/6, Thirumbadi 1/12, T. R. and T. Co. 5/7, Vaikundam 5/4.

TEXTILES: Balasubramania 38/4, Bangalore Woollen 206/8, Buckingham 139/8, Cambodia 10/8, Coimbatore Pioneer 126/8, Coimbatore Spg. 44/12, Janardhana 50, Lakshmi 61/8, Madura 38/8, Mettur 318, Mysore Spun 6, Pankaja 86/8, Radhakrishana 144, Rajalakshmi 56, Ranga Vilas 46, Trav Rayons 4/2, Trichinopoly 9/14 Vasantha 100.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 69, F. A. C. T. 4/7, India Cement 17/9, Mettur Chem. 6/6, Mysore Chem. and Ferts. 7/10, Mysore Paper 10/5, Spencer 10/8.

TRADE BUYING HELPS N. Y. COTTON PRICES

Short Covering And Reinvestment Support In Wall Street

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.

COTTON: Opening gains reflected covering in near October plus mill buying which offset scattered hedges and some selling based on the continued confusion over the farm legislation. After sagging slightly prices again steadied on trade support emphasising the administration's continuous support for 90 per cent parity loans, probabilities of increased loan in poundings and possibilities of 1950 crop controls.

Later the market featured short-covering in near October and persistent dribbling millbuying. Next crops were helped by increasing ideas about 90 per cent parity loans and anticipations of crop controls. The market closed steady with sales approximately 125,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, October 11.

October	29.94+09
December	29.76+06
March	29.73+08
May	29.66+07
July	29.18+06
Middling Spot	30.41+06

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, October 11.

October	29.89+06
December	29.71+04
March	29.66+03
May	29.59+05
Middling Spot	29.30—00

New York Cotton December Highest 29.8 at 12-48 p.m. Lowest 29.70 at 10-18 a.m.

WALL STREET MARKET

STOCKS: The market was rather colourless moving nafrowly in view of the desire to await labour developments and caution because of the holiday tomorrow. News of renewed government intervention in the steel strike coming so soon after the federal conciliation director's warning about the grave effects of the coal dispute was interpreted in Wall Street as a strong determination by the administration to take drastic action if the disputes failed to yield to early agreement. The average were industrials 185.41 and rails 49.25.

Prices entered a new high ground for 1949 with shortcovering and reinvestments occasionally enlarging as optimism grew concerning the chances of an early break in the coal and steel strikes. Gains of fractions to a dollar or more were rather well distributed. International paper was up fractionally to the new high of 63 1/2 on talk that stock splitup is under consideration. The market finished at the day's best and closed firm.

NEW YORK STOCKS
NEW YORK, October 11.

American Telephone and Telegraph 143-5/8.
Amerex Holding Co. 33.
Anaconda Copper mining 28-1/8.
Chase National Bank 36.
Firestone Tyre 46-7/8.
General Electric 37-3/4.
General Motors 65-3/4.
Ingersol Rand 65-3/4.
International Nickel of Canada "A" 29-5/8.
National City Bank of New York 42 exdividend.
New York Central Railroad 10-7/8.
Sinclair Oil 24-1/4 exdividend.
Socony Vacuum Corporation 16-7/8.
Texas Corporation 61-3/4.
Union Carbide 40-1/4.
U. S. Smelting Refining 35-1/4.
U. S. Steel Common 24-1/8.
Western Telegraph 14-1.
Volume of business on the New York Stock Exchange was 1,660,000 shares.
The Highest and Lowest U. S. Steel Trading prices were 24-1/4 and 23-7/8 respectively.

CHICAGO GRAINS
CHICAGO, Oct. 11.

GRAINS: Prices were firm with mills buying wheat presumably as covering against sales of 155,000 hundred pounds weight of flour reportedly at 412 to 419 cents per hundred pounds to the army for export from gulfports. Maize and soyabeans were aided by reports of some crop losses due to high winds and heavy rains and predictions of further precipitation over important producing areas.

CHICAGO WHEAT
CHICAGO, October 11.

Wheat: December 2.12-1/4.
March 2.13.
May 2.08.
July 1.91-1/2.

LONDON WHEAT
LONDON, October 11.

Australian Wheat 89-7-1/2 October/November.

N. Y. SILVER SALES
NEW YORK, Oct. 11.

SILVER: Demand was brisk and consumers possibly wanted as much as 250,000 ounces but only about 150,000 become available from regular sellers while a nonregualr Mexican source provided an additional 50,000 ounces at unchanged level. Bullioners expect the tightness in physical silver to continue during the immediate future and the price situation is thus strong. London remains disinterested in selling.

N. Y. PEPPER QUIETLY STEADY
NEW YORK, Oct. 11, (PTI-Reuter).

BLACK PEPPER: The black pepper market was quiet but the undertone was steady with business done at 1.30 dollars per pound for spots and further sellers at 1.32 dollars. Sellers were offering 1.29 for October arrival, 1.28 for November arrival, while December shipment was quoted at 1.08, January shipment at 1.04 and March shipment at 0.97 dollars. Today's prices are as follows:— Black Pepper spot 1.28 bid, October 1.27 bid December 1.21 bid, January 1.16 bid, March 0.97 bid, May 0.90 bid, July 0.76 bid. White pepper spot 1.80 nominal.

LONDON EXCHANGE
LONDON, October 11.

T. T. London on:
New York selling 2.7987 buying 2.8012.
Montreal selling 3.0775 buying 3.0825.
Zurich selling 12.23 buying 12.26.
Sweden selling 14.47 buying 14.50

PARIS STOCK EXCHANGE
PARIS, October 11.

The Bourse was depressed owing to the cabinet formation deadlock. French issues were mostly easier although there was some scattered resistance, while among internationals easiness was almost general. Sues exceptionally showed a gain on the day.

LONDON STOCKS
LONDON, October 11.

2-1/2 British Consols £ 71-1/8.
3-1/2 per cent Conversion Loan 1961 £95-1/2.
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90 £ 107-3/4.
3-1/2 per cent War Loan on or after December 1, 1952 £ 95-1/8.
Charter Bank of India £ 10-3/16.
Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank London Reg. £ 87.
National Bank of India £ 32-1/2.
Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 7,352.

LONDON PEPPER FIRM
LONDON, October 11.

A firm tendency was maintained on the London pepper market with black lampong afloat and shipment quoted nominally at 12sh. and white muntok and sarawak at 14 sh. 6d per pound cif basis ports. There were buyers of Malabar afloat at 960 sh. but sellers were holding for 970 sh. per cwt. while for October shipment buyers were willing to pay 935 sh. per cwt. c.i.f. basis ports.

TILSEED QUOTATIONS
BOMBAY, Oct. 12.

Til	Haveri	250 to 270
Til	Magi	215
Til	Purabia	250 to 255
Til	Jabalpore	200 to 210
Til	Negar	250 to 260
Til	Khandesh	250 to 260
Til	Old	180 to 200

ART SILK YARN
BOMBAY, Oct. 12.

120	Spot Japan	3	12 0
150	Spot Japan	3	15 0
120	Spot Italy	3	8 0
150	Spot Italy	3	14 6
150	D. Box October	779	0 0
150	D. Box November	790	0 0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, October 12.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	12	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	6	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	12	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	6	0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	99	6	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	0	0
2 3/4 per cent 1978	96	0	0
3 per cent non terminable	97	6	0
3 per cent Con.	97	7	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	11	0
3 per cent 1952-55	101	15	0
3 per cent 1957	101	6	0
3 per cent 1959-61	100	13	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	2	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	1	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	10	0
3 1/2 per cent 1960-70	110	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	102	0	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-60	110	8	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114	4	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
3 per cent Bombay 1962	98	13	0
2 3/4 per cent C. P. 1961	97	0	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	0	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	6	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	6	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent O. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98	2	0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-68	99	12	0
3 1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	99	0	0
4 per cent B.P.T. long dated	109	12	0
4 per cent Bombay Muni.	109	8	0
5 p.c. Bombay Muni. 1959	114	0	0
6 per cent Bom. Municipality 1954	113	8	0
6 per cent K. P. T. 1956	113	12	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	100	0	0

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Oct. 12.

MILLS
Apollo 2/12
Bharat 28/12 29/4
B. Dyeing 1037/8 42/8 41/4
C. India 218 25 21 23 21
Century 222/8
Colaba 120
E. Textiles 210
Elphinstone Ord. 58
Finlay 257
Gokak 263 62 63 60
I.U. Defd. 1/12 1/13
I.U. Ord. 11/3 11/6
Indore 115 13/12 28/12
Kohinoor 273/8 74/8 72/8 73 69/8
Laxmi 660
Meyer 110
Model 192/8
Mysore 166/14 70
New City 159/6
New Great 145 44/8 45
Simplex 183 85/8 84/8 85 84
Svadeshi 255 58/8 55
Swan 298
Tata Mills 48 47/8
Vishnu 230/10
C. P. Rly. 113/8

STEAMER
Scindia 14/8 14/14 14/5 14/8

BANKS
Central 77/12 78
Central New 79 79/8
Imperial Old 1767/8 75 70 75 70
Imperial New 435
India 173/4 74
U. Commercial 48

ELECTRIC
Ahmedabad 125 25/5 24/6
Andhra 1427/8
Suburban 145
Surat 138/12
Hydro 156 55/8
Power 1512/8 20 12/8
New India 52 52/8

STEEL
B. Steel 21 20/14 21
I. Iron 29/6 29/10 29/8 29/9 29/8
Tata Defd. 1435 52/8 35 47/8 35 41/4 35
Tata Ord. 284 83/8 86 83 84/8 82/8
Tata IInd Pref. 135/8 36 35/12

MISCELLANEOUS
Alcock 247/8 48/12
A.C.C. Old 142/4 41/4 42 41/8
A.C.C. New 139 38/8
Belapur 193 92/8 93/8 91
B.B. Old 337/8 45 37/8 38/12
B. B. Petrol 1/7/9 1/8/3
B.I.C. 8/10
I. Copper 2/9
P. Const. 98 96 99 97 97/8 97
P. IInd Pref. 98/8
Shivrajpur 31
Tata Chem. 11/18 11/9
Tata Pref. 116/4
Tata Oil 52 52/8 51/12
Wimco 187/8 8/12 86/4

SPECIAL
Gujerat Inv. Trust 24/8 25

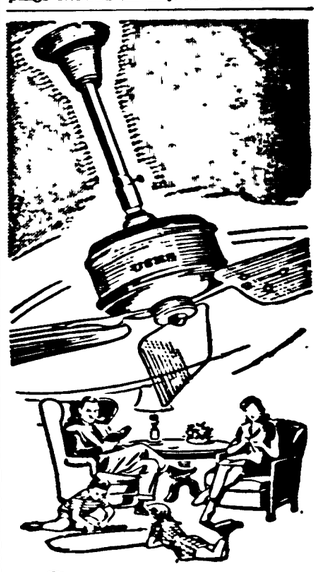
Indian Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, Oct. 12.

Tata Ordinary 282-8; Tata Deferred 1435; Indian Iron 29-8; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 21; Bombay Dyeing 1041-4; Central India 221-14; Gokak 260; Kohinoor 269-6; Simplex 184; Swadeshi 255-10; Tata Power 1512-8; Associated Cement 141-14; Belapur 191-14; Bombay Burma (Old) 338-12; Scindia 14-8; Central Bank 78; New India 52-8, Tata 2nd Pref. 135-12.

AMSTERDAM STOCK EXCHANGE
AMSTERDAM, October 11.

The Stock Exchange was totally inert lacking any new incentives. Oils and internationals were very steady but Indonesians were very neglected and showed losses upto 2 points. Shippings showed an improved tone.



Constant Coolness . . . .

Usha Fans are noted for their high mechanical precision, enabling silent running, with a service value of the highest standard. Available in A.C., D.C. totally enclosed with a Lucrative finish.

GUARANTEE: Any manufacturing fault rectified free of charge at our factory within two years of purchase.

USHA Ceiling FANS

A PRODUCT OF THE JAY ENGINEERING WORKS LTD.

Sole Agents:
BOMBAY UNITED TRADING CO.
6, WESTERN INDIA HOUSE
Sir P. M. Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

Saving AND WISE Banking

SERVE YOU AND SERVE THE NATION

THE UNITED COMMERCIAL BANK LTD.
CALCUTTA

Subscribed Capital Rs. 4 crores
Paid-up Capital Rs. 2 crores
Reserve Fund Rs. 45 lacs

G. D. BIRLA, Chairman • S. T. THAKUR, General Manager

Assembly Approves The New Salary-Scale

AMBEDKAR SILENCES CARPING CRITICS

Changed Set-Up In States: Debate On New Article

NEW DELHI, Oct. 12.

THE Constituent Assembly today adopted after a three-hour debate the scales of salaries proposed by the Drafting Committee for High dignitaries of the Indian Republic.

The President of the Indian Union will draw a monthly salary of Rs. 10,000/-, Governor of a State Rs. 5,500/-, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court Rs. 5,000/-, any other Judge of the Supreme Court Rs. 4,000/-, Chief Justice of a High Court Rs. 4,000/-, any other judge of High Court Rs. 3,500/-, and the Comptroller and Auditor-General Rs. 4,000/-. The salaries of the present incumbents who would serve under the new Constitution have, however, been protected.

Prof. Shibanlal Saksena tried unsuccessfully to reduce the president's salary to Re. one from Rs. 10,000. Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Chairman of the Drafting Committee, said that on one rupee a month, only a wandering "sanyasi" would be prepared to take up the Presidentship.

"I have no doubt", he added, "that a wandering Sanyasi would be the most unfit person to be the President of the Union, whatever may be his other virtues."

Replying to criticisms that the salary scales proposed for judges was too high in relation to the standard of living of the Indian people, Dr. Ambedkar said that the salaries depended on the law of supply and demand. Unfortunately or fortunately, there were any number of people who could be found suitable to function as Members of the Legislature and "consequently we fixed their salary at a much lower level. However, persons qualified to be judges were very difficult to obtain and consequently we are required to pay the market price," he added.

DURATION OF SESSION

The President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, refused to commit himself about the duration of the present session. He told a questioner, Mr. H. V. Kamath, that the duration "depends on you." The President added amidst laughter, "I do not mean you particularly. I mean the House."

STATES

When the House reassembled after a three-hour recess in the afternoon, Dr. Ambedkar moved a new chapter in the Constitution containing amendments relating to States in Part Three of the First Schedule (Indian States.) It introduces a new article which in effect means that the provisions governing the Provinces would affect the States also.

The House heard a note on the subject prepared by Sardar Patel, read by Mr. K. M. Munshi to avoid strain on the Sardar. Detailing the results of the "bloodless revolution", the Sardar said that "our new constitution is not an alliance between Democracies and Dynasties, but a real union of the Indian People built on the basic concept of the sovereignty of the people. It removes all the barriers between the people of the States and the people of the Provinces."

When the Constituent Assembly resumed consideration of schedule two relating to the salaries of various functionaries, Dr. Ambedkar explaining the provisions in detail, maintained that the salaries specified in the schedule were reasonable and fair.

Giving figures of salaries of the judges of the supreme courts of United States, Canada, Australia and South Africa, Dr. Ambedkar said that considering them, the salary that had been fixed in the schedule compared favourably and was much better than the figure fixed for similar functionaries in other countries excepting United States. So far as judiciary was concerned there could hardly be any ground for complaint.

Dealing with the salary of the President of the Union, Dr. Ambedkar said that obviously the President was a functionary who would replace the present Governor-General and in fixing salary of Rs. 10,000, the House had to bear this fact in mind. Under the Government of India Act, the Governor-General had to get Rs. 20,000 per month subject to income-tax but under the recent act passed by Parliament the salary was fixed at Rs. 5,500 free of income-tax. He was told that if the salary was subject to income-tax, this residue of Rs. 5,500 would be the result of a salary of Rs. 14,000. In fixing the salary of the President, the Drafting Committee had taken into consideration two factors, namely, that it should be subject to income-tax and that the President being the highest functionary, there ought to be no individual who would draw more salary than the President.

NO EXEMPTION FROM TAX

It was felt that no person who was a functionary under the constitution or a civil servant should be immune from the liability imposed by the fiscal measures for the people of the country. It was considered desirable to increase the salary of the Governor-General if it was to be made subject to income-tax.

The Supreme Court would be getting Rs. 7,000, it was thought proper that the salary of the President should be Rs. 10,000.

As regards allowances, Dr. Ambedkar said that the drafting committee had left the matter undecided with the provision that the President should continue to get the same allowances which the Governor-General received at the commencement of the constitution.

Later on Parliament might change both the salary of the President as well as his allowances. This was subject to the condition that the salary once granted should not be changed during the tenure of office of the President but allowances could be changed during the tenure.

According to the budget estimates for 1949/50, the Governor-General got a sumptuary allowance of Rs. 48,000 expenditure from contract allowance Rs. 4,65,000 conveyance and motor car allowance Rs. 73,000 and other expenses Rs. 81,000, totalling Rs. 6,64,000 per annum.

The allowances were subject to be changed by parliament at any time. As regards the important question of salary, he argued, the figure was very reasonable.

SANYASIS WANTED

Mr. Mahavir Tyagi (United Provinces) by an amendment wanted that it should be laid down in the Constitution that the salary of the President and the Governor would not be more than Rs. 10,000 and Rs. 5,500 respectively. This would ensure that in future, the Parliament would not be able to increase their salaries.

Personally, he felt that the President should serve in an honorary capacity, like a "Sanyasi" (saint) of ancient days. The State, of course, would bear his travelling and other expenses. He advocated a simple way of life for all the high dignitaries and functionaries of the State, which, he added, would be in keeping with the ancient traditions of the country, where sacrifice and service were considered more important than money.

The President, Mr. Tyagi said, should lead a simple life, and not allow the paraphernalia of a "Durbar" (court) to collect around him and keep him away from the people.

GOOD OLD DAYS

Mr. Shibbanlal Saksena (United Provinces) who moved an amendment making the salary of the President of the Union, instead of Rs. 10,000, only rupee one per month, said that in India the ideal of kingship was symbolised by kings like Janak, who lived like "Sanyasis." In modern times also, Mahatma Gandhi, "our master and our father" had put before the Indian people an ideal of simple life. He also wanted an ideal in this respect to be created for the benefit of the rest of the world.

Mr. Saksena said that it surprised him to know that eleven lakhs of rupees were spent annually on "repairs" to Government House. He wanted this practice to be changed, and agreed with Mr. Tyagi that the State should bear all the expenses of the President.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa said if one were to agree with Mr. Tyagi and Mr. Saksena, the whole conception of the Constitution and their outlook on life had to be changed. In that case, the President could not stay in a building like the Government House, but would have to stay in a "hut". It was wrong to say that the "paltry sum of Rs. 5,600 which he would receive minus income tax" was large. If Gandhiji had been alive, Mr. Sidhwa was sure, he would have ridiculed the ideas propounded by Mr. Tyagi and Mr. Saksena.

Mr. Brajeshwar Prasad criticising the proposals, replied to the counter-argument that members of the Constituent Assembly were drawing Rs. 45 a day. Mr. Prasad said he would be perfectly satisfied if every Member was given only a third class ticket to Delhi and free food and lodging there.

Another argument, said Mr. Prasad, was that when lawyers derived very high incomes, the judge's salaries should also be fixed proportionately. That difficulty could be met by passing a law that no lawyer should be allowed to make over Rs. 1,000 a month.

"SOFT CORNER" FOR JUDGES

Mr. H. V. Kamath, (Central Provinces) who moved three amendments, wanted deletion of the provisions guaranteeing their present salaries to the judges of the Federal Court and High Courts appointed before October 31, 1948. Mr. Kamath said it was true that the House had agreed to a similar provision for the Services, but that was because the Government had given them guarantees in August 1947. As far as he knew, no such guarantees were given to the Federal and High Court Judges.

Mr. Kamath also opposed the subclause providing for free residence to the Federal Court Judges. "When not the Judges also pay rent?" he asked. The provision did not go with the dignity of the Constitution. If such a provision was to be included, the House could as well lay down "how many bath-rooms and bed-rooms the judges should have."

Mr. Kamath wondered why the judges were being treated "so very lavishly." "It is perhaps inevitable" he added, "that the Drafting Committee, weighted as it is by lawyers, should have a soft corner for judges".

Mr. Aladi Krishnaswami Ayyar commending the schedule, supported particularly the scale of salaries fixed for the judges of the Supreme Court and High Courts. In fixing the salary of the Judges, the Drafting Committee, he said, was fully alive to the importance of maintaining the dignity, efficiency and independence of the Judiciary, especially in a Federal Constitution where judges were called upon to decide questions of great constitutional importance.

AMBEDKAR'S DEFENCE

Dr. Ambedkar in his reply dealt with the objection of Mr. Kamath to the provision of free houses for the judges of the Supreme Court. This provision, Dr. Ambedkar said, was introduced after careful consideration. It was felt that a large number of judges who would be appointed to the Supreme Court would be coming from far off places in the country to the capital town, and it would not be proper to "throw these people to their own resources to find a house which will be in keeping with the dignity of the office." That was the principal reason why the Drafting Committee felt it necessary to throw this obligation to provide the house on the Government. As regards the objection to the house being given to them free, Dr. Ambedkar said it was one of the considerations for the reduction in the salary of the Supreme Court judges.

He objected to the "derisive remarks" made by Mr. Kamath in regard to this particular point, and said that Mr. Kamath should have said something when the House agreed to provide for a free house to the President and Governors. Mr. Kamath was silent when the House agreed to it then.

The article was adopted.

CHAPTER ON STATES

Dr. Ambedkar Introduces New Article

When the House reassembled after a three-hour recess in the evening Dr. Ambedkar moved a new chapter in the Constitution containing amendments relating to States in Part Three of the First Schedule (Indian States). The chapter called Part Six (A) contains 13 paragraphs providing for consequential amendments in the various articles so far adopted by the House and a few new provisions.

It introduces a new Article which provides that the provisions governing the provinces would apply to the Indian States also. The Article also enumerates the variations and certain consequential amendments.

ALLOWANCE TO RAJPRAMUKHS

Included among other additional provisions made for the States are:

Firstly, that the Rajpramukh shall be entitled without payment of rent to the use of his residences and there shall be paid to the Rajpramukh such allowances as the President may, by general or special order determine."

Secondly, for every State there shall be a Legislature which shall consist of the Rajpramukh and (A) in the State of Mysore, two Houses (B) in other states, one House.

Thirdly, the allowances of the Rajpramukh and other expenditure relating to his office shall be determined by the President by general or special order.

Fourthly, a provision is added in Article 177 stating that in the case of the State of Travancore-Cochin, a sum of 51 lakhs of rupees is required to be paid annually to the Devaswam Fund under the Covenant entered into before the commencement of this constitution by the rulers of the Indian States of Travancore and Cochin for the formation of the United State of Travancore and Cochin.

Fifthly, a new clause is to be added to Article 183 stating that the rules of procedure and standing order in force immediately before the commencement of this Constitution with respect to the Legislature of the State, or, where no House of Legislature for the State existed, the rules of procedure in force with respect to the Legislative Assembly of such Province as may be specified by the Rajpramukh, shall have the effect in relation to the Legislature of the State.

Lastly, it provides for the substitution of a new Article for Article 197 which states: "The judges of each High Court shall be entitled to such salaries and allowances and to such rights in respect of leave, absence and pension as may from time to time be determined by the President after consultation with the Rajpramukh, provided that neither the salary of a Judge nor his rights in respect of leave of absence or pension shall be varied to his disadvantage after his appointment."

UNDERLYING IDEA

Dr. Ambedkar in moving the new part (6A) of the Constitution said that the underlying idea of this part was that Part Six of the Constitution which dealt with the Constitution of States, Provinces and Units would now automatically apply to the States in Part Three (Indian States). It should be realised that in applying the provisions to Indian States, it was necessary to make some provisions to meet certain special circumstances and the Article sought to indicate those particular Articles in which these amendments were necessary to be made. Otherwise, the States in Part Three of the First Schedule (Indian States), so far as their internal constitution was concerned, would be on a par with other Units.

A number of amendments were then moved to the draft Article proposed Ahmad moved two verbal amendments while Mr. Brajeshwar Prasad (Bihar) moved an amendment by which the appointment of judges in the Indian States and the fixation of their salaries and allowances should be done by the President and not "by the President in consultation with the Rajpramukh." Kaka Bhagwant Rai moved an amendment which suggested that the allowances to be paid to the Rajpramukh should be fixed by the President after taking into account the recommendations of the Legislature of the State. He said these allowances were being paid out of the State revenues and the State Legislatures should, therefore, have the right to discuss the allowances.

Mr. Shibbanlal Saksena (United Provinces) by an amendment suggested that the allowances to be paid to the Rajpramukh should be fixed by "Parliament by law," as in the case of Governors of Provinces, instead of by "the President by order."

HOUSE AND SALARY

Mr. K. Santanam moved two amendments. His first amendment, relating to the clause regarding residence of the Rajpramukh, said the Rajpramukh should be provided with an official residence, free of rent only if he did not have his own residence in the capital of the State. His second amendment related to the clause dealing with the High Court Judges in the States. By this amendment, Mr. Santanam suggested that, while the salaries of the Judges could be left to be fixed by the President by order, there was no reason why the allowances, leave, pensions, etc., should not be fixed by Parliament. Parliament had been given powers to do so in these matters in respect of the High Court judges of Provinces.

TRANSPORTED

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Congress President, who spoke after Mr. Munshi had read Sardar Patel's speech, said he had been "transported to a new world of vision" when he had heard "page after page and paragraph after paragraph" of the speech of Sardar Patel, The Haripura resolution, Dr. Pattabhi said, was the result of a struggle between two sections of men, the conservatives and the more radical. It was a compromise brought about "by the intervention of the present Home Minister and the Prime Minister and our revered Mahatma Gandhi."

Dr. Pattabhi then referred to his association with the States since 1936 and said his extensive tour of the States had convinced him that there was no geographical or other barrier between the States and the Provinces.

"Today we have the supreme satisfaction that under the statesmanship of our Home Minister who is also the Minister of States, it has been possible for him to bring about this unity in financial matters, in matters of the army and above all in matters of the constitution. All congratulations to the representatives of the States for the ready manner in which they have agreed to this."

THANKS

The Congress President then congratulated several rulers of States and also Sardar Patel.

"I offer my thanks not merely as an individual but as the officiating President of the States People's Conference and as the President of the Indian National Congress", he declared, amidst cheers. "There has been no parallel in history to this achievement."

Referring to the British Government's announcement about the lapse of paramountcy, Dr. Pattabhi said: "By one stroke of the pen, the British had released 562 lions from the cages and let them loose upon the country.

"Fortunately the States Ministry has been able to get hold of them and make them real and useful citizens."

SUPPORT

Mr. Ram Bhai (Madhyabharat) supporting the article said that Sardar Patel's speech should remove any fears in the minds of the States people about the future set-up of the States.

Mr. Thanu Pillai (Travancore) said that the changes that had been brought about by the States Ministry were "marvellous."

Shrimati Annie Mascarene (Travancore) describing Sardar Patel as the "Bismarck of India", said the people of the States would no longer be "terrorised by autocracy."

As several members representing the States wished to speak, the President said that the debate would be continued tomorrow.

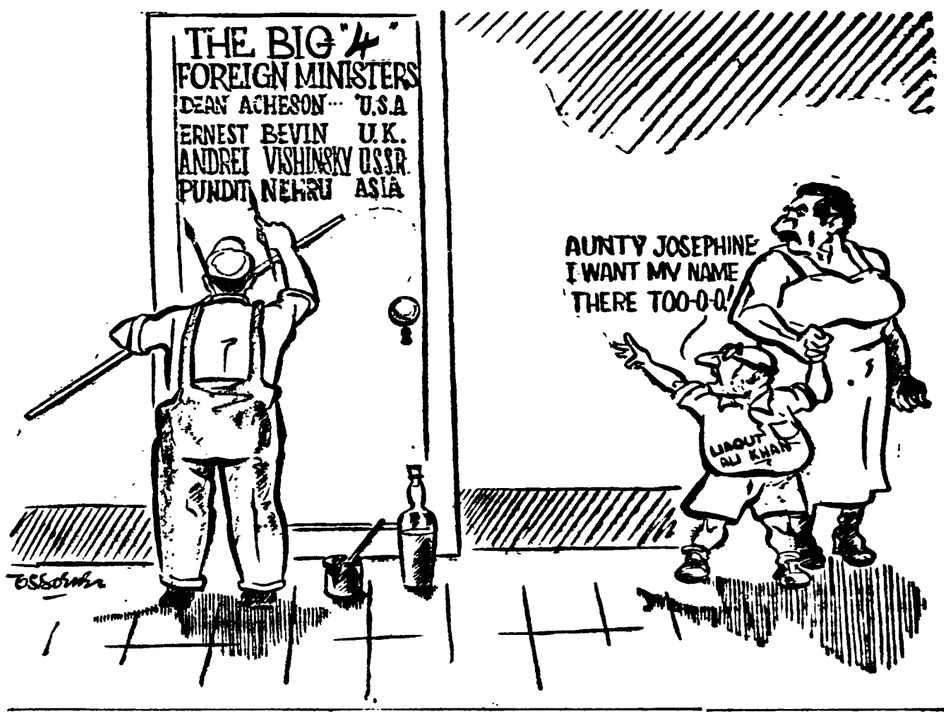
PRICE OF PIG IRON FIXED

NEW DELHI, Oct. 12, (PTI): The Government of India have decided that rates recommended by the Indian Tariff Board as ex-works fair retention prices plus Rs. 15 per ton for freight disadvantage should be fixed, under the Steel Control Order, as selling price at port of pig iron from November 1, 1949 for one year, the Commerce Ministry announced today.

After one year, costs and the freight disadvantage are to be reviewed and revised prices fixed, if necessary.

The fair ex-works retention prices for pig iron of the Indian Iron and Steel Company as recommended by the Board range between Rs. 84 and Rs. 92 per ton. No separate prices for pig iron produced at the works of the Tata Iron and Steel Company have been recommended as the production of pig iron is incidental and forms only a fraction of the Com-

"HIS EYES ARE BIGGER THAN HIS STOMACH!"



MADRAS SAFETY ACT

New Ordinance Likely

MADRAS, Oct. 12 (PTI).—The Madras Government would promulgate an ordinance shortly incorporating the provisions of the Maintenance of the Public Order Act, invalidated by the Madras High Court.

The High Court this week ruled that the Maintenance of the Public Order Act 1947 ceased to exist from March 12, 1948, on which date the life of the Act expired. The High Court held that the action of the Provincial Government in having extended the life of the Act subsequently by a gazette notification was not valid, and that the Legislature alone had power to extend the Act.

The Premier, Mr. P. S. Kumaraswami Raja, stated today that the Government could not order any fresh detention at present in view of the High Court judgment.

Asked whether the Government would straightaway promulgate an ordinance replacing the Public Order Act or wait till the meeting of the Legislature in November to undertake a fresh enactment, the Premier said: "How could we wait till then?"

PAKISTAN INTEREST IN HYDERABAD

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Oct. 12: On account of ceaseless efforts made and propaganda carried on by Begum Razvi, much interest is being shown here in the trial now proceeding in Hyderabad-Deccan against the Razakar leader Syed Kasim Razvi.

Local Hyderabad Residents Association organised 'Hyderabad Day' last Sunday when a huge procession was taken out which after wending its way through the important thoroughfares of the city, terminated in the Jehangir Park where a public meeting was held. In this meeting speeches were made criticising various actions of the Government of India in the traditional Muslim State of Hyderabad Deccan and demanded immediate release of the Razakar Chief who was described as a true 'Gazi'.

EARTH TREMORS IN SIND

Appeal For Investigations

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Oct. 12: Some areas in the Dadu (Sind) district are still experiencing Earthquake tremors of low intensity.

For the past one month, earthquake tremors are felt in these parts occasionally at odd hours and therefore much nervousness has been caused amongst the residents. Local experts feel that these tremors are caused on account of the burning of some gases beneath the earth since there already exist hot and sulphur water springs in the Lakhi area.

Telegrams have been sent to the Pakistan authorities at Karachi requesting immediate investigations in this respect.

Pakistan Legation In Denmark

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Oct. 12: Pakistan will soon established its Legation in Denmark.

A press note issued by maintaining by the External Affairs Ministry in this connection says that being desirous of maintaining and further strengthening the friendly relations already existing between Pakistan and Denmark, the Government of Pakistan and Denmark have agreed to exchange diplomatic missions at

SOVIET UNION VETOES U. N. ARMAMENTS BODY REPORT

Proposal For World Census

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 11. (PTI-Reuter). The Soviet Union today proposed to the Security Council to hold a world census of armaments, armed forces, and atomic weapons.

She had earlier vetoed a majority report from the Conventional Armaments Commission which declared that disarmament could not be effective until there was an atmosphere of international confidence and security.

Before imposing this 39th veto, the Soviet Union had reaffirmed its demand for simultaneous reduction of armaments and prohibition of the atomic bomb. She renewed her charges that the United States and Britain were largely responsible for the breakdown of previous negotiations on these steps.

Although the Soviet Union vetoed the report of the Conventional Armaments Commission, it agreed to its being sent to the General Assembly for information only.

Mr. Warren Rustin, head of the United States Delegation, told the press after the Security Council meeting today that the Soviet proposal for a census of atomic bombs was "meaningless and another attempt to fool the public".

He said census of bombs was of no importance. What counted was to know how much atomic fissionable material a country possessed, as this could quickly be converted into atomic bombs.

INDIAN TEXTILES FOR INDONESIA

Approach To Be Made

BATAVIA, Oct. 12 (PTI).—The Republican Minister for Supplies, Dr. Leoh, stated that he is thinking of approaching India for textile stores for the people and the supply of badly needed uniforms for the Republican Army.

Under a recent agreement between the Republicans and the Dutch, it had been agreed that the latter would provide 100,000 uniforms for the Republican Army as soon as possible. Mr. Leoh stated. This was, however, not sufficient. The Army needed at least 150,000 uniforms more forthwith.

REBEL JEEP SHOT AT FROM AIR

RANGOON, Oct. 12 (UPI).—An Oxford B.A.F. plane piloted by Wing-Commander Selwyn Khin Machine-gunned a jeep carrying KNDO officers in the Shan States and as a result, the army claimed, Lt-Col. Saw Jams and Lt.-Col. Michael were killed. Another KNDO Captain was also killed but his identity had not been traced.

Another B.A.F. plane claimed to have hit a KNDO ammunition dump at the north end of the town of Taunggyi, there was a loud explosion immediately after the machine-gunning.

Sec. 144 In Surat

SURAT, Oct. 12, (PTI): The Additional District Magistrate by an order under Section 144 CR P.C. has banned Assembly of five or more persons, meetings, processions and demonstration in the affected areas following disturbances in the south-eastern part of the city last night.

Seven leading Congressmen of Surat in a statement today have demanded an impartial enquiry into last night's police firing. "We feel it absolutely necessary that an impartial and independent enquiry should be held into the cause of the police firing to restore confidence amongst the public", the statement said.

MADRAS FORGES AHEAD!

Intensive Growing

MADRAS, Oct. 12 (PTI): The Madras Government has approved a two-year plan of intensive cultivation which will increase food production of the Province by 4,71,000 tons in 1950 and by 5,87,000 tons at the end of 1951.

A press note today says the plan will make the Province self-sufficient in food by the end of 1951.

The net cost of the plan is about Rs. 3,50,00,000 of which the Central Government's share will be Rs. 1,46,00,000. Among other steps the scheme includes land development by mechanical cultivation utilising pump sets, tractors and bull-dozers.

INDONESIA READY TO TAKE OVER DEFENCE

BATAVIA, Oct. 12 (PTI).—The Republican Defence Ministry was ready to take over the defence of Indonesia along with the transfer of sovereignty, the Sultan of Jogjakarta who is Deputy Prime Minister and Defence Minister of the Indonesian Republic, told pressmen in Jogjakarta.

The Sultan stated that problems of defence which would confront the future United States of Indonesia had been fully considered.

Indonesian guerillas killed five Dutch soldiers yesterday at Trota, 12 miles from Sourabaya, official sources in Sourabaya reported today.

A Dutch patrol of eight men was held up by guerillas who demanded their rifles. When the demand was refused the guerillas opened fire at point blank range.

Two soldiers escaped and one is missing. The incident is said to be third in East Java this week in which "unofficial" guerillas clashed with Dutch patrols.

NO CUT IN MADRAS

MADRAS, Oct. 12 (PTI).—Mr. P. S. Kumaraswami Raja, Premier of Madras indicated today there would not be any cut in the salaries of Ministers or the employees of the Provincial Government as in the Centre.

The only way by which the Government could economise their expenditure, he said, was to defer new development schemes and proposals like construction of buildings for medical and engineering colleges and other Government purposes.

Indian Jute Workers' Federation

CALCUTTA, Oct. 12, (PTI): A conference of jute workers of India will be held in Calcutta on October 23 for the purpose of forming the Indian National Jute Workers Federation Mr. Hariharnath Shastri, General Secretary of the INTUC, will preside.

Representatives of jute workers unions, which are affiliated to the INTUC would only be allowed to participate in the conference, announced its Convenor Mr. Deben Sen yesterday.

Digitized with Indigenous Assistance Technology
Government of Maharashtra
on 21 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1865

News BRIEFS

POLICE SEARCH

The Bombay C.I.D. searched on Wednesday afternoon the New Age printing press at People's Publishing House, and is stated to have removed some record books. No arrest was however, made.

Workers and employers reached a last-minute settlement just before Tuesday night's midnight deadline for the Italian capital's expected transport strike. Trams and other public vehicles were running normally on Wednesday but all Italy was without newspapers.

Terrorists captured a bus 16 miles from Kuala Lumpur, Malayan Federal Capital, on Wednesday and burnt it. The driver and passengers were unharmed but had to wait several hours until the next bus arrived. Bandits have destroyed three buses in the vicinity of the capital in recent months.

GREEK PROTEST

The Greek Foreign Office has expressed to the Soviet Charge d'Affaires in Athens Greece's "deep concern" at "the deportation of about 17,000 Greeks from the Soviet Republic of Georgia."

The Governor-General of Pakistan Khwaja Nazimuddin arrived on Wednesday in Kalat on his first visit to the State. He was received at the palace by the Khan of Kalat.

The East Punjab Government have restored 127 recovered Muslim women and 75 children to the West Punjab Government, during September, says an official announcement.

The West Punjab Government, on their part, have restored nine non-Muslim women and two children, during the same period, it adds.

U.S. CONSULATE OPENED

Prime Minister of Pakistan Mr. Liaquatali Khan performed the opening ceremony of the American Consulate at Dacca on Wednesday and hoisted the U.S. Flag over the building occupied by the Consulate on Minto Road. A large and distinguished gathering attended the ceremony.

About four hundred bales of jute, valued at Rs. 70,000 believed to be stolen property, were seized on Wednesday by the Calcutta port police when they raided a jute press in Cossipore area in North Calcutta. Twelve persons were arrested in this connection.

Thirty-seven pounds of opium, valued about Rs. 30,000 was found concealed in the alcove of a third class compartment, sent for repairs to the Perambur carriage shop.

MADHYABHARAT OATH

The Director of Education, Madhyabharat, has issued an appeal to all teachers "from the Professor of a degree college to the teacher of a primary school" in Madhyabharat to take an oath to make at least one adult literate within six months.

ONE MORE DETENU DIES OF INJURIES

MADRAS, Oct. 12, (P.T.I.): Besides one detenu killed, a second detenu who was seriously injured in yesterdays firing at the Cuddalore Central jail also succumbed to his injuries later in the day.

The situation in the jail is normal and there has been no further incident so far in the jail, stated Lt. Col. C. S. Gill, Inspector General of prisons, today. He expects to receive a detailed account of yeserday's occurrence in the course of the week.

MOB ATTACK ON POLICE

CALCUTTA, Oct. 12 (PTI): Eight persons were arrested by the police this evening at the Calcutta maidan for, it is alleged, having distributed prejudicial leaflets.

The arrested men were members of a procession, organised by the Bengal Provincial Trade Union Congress, in celebration of the "Peking Day" (victory of the Communist in China).

It is stated that, following the arrests, some members of the procession attacked the police with stones and other missiles. The police then made a lathi charge to disperse the procession.

BOMBAY PROHIBITION POLICY

NO FORMAL DIRECTIVE FROM CENTRE

Mr. Mehta's Statement In Assembly

POONA, Oct. 12, (PTI):

NO formal directive had been received by the Bombay Government from the Centre regarding its prohibition policy, though some occasional discussion was held in the matter, the Finance Minister, Mr. V. L. Mehta said in the Bombay Legislative Assembly today.

The Finance Minister was answering a supplementary on a question seeking information on the order of priority in public expenditure in the Province.

Explaining the general policy of the Government in fixing the order of priorities, Mr. Mehta said all expenditure was classified into development and non-development. Development expenditure consisted of such expenditure on revenue and capital schemes as agriculture and irrigation, industries, education, communication, public health, co-operation, Labour welfare housing, electricity, organisation of milk supply and nationalisation of road transport.

PRIORITIES

The General considerations guiding the policy in fixing the order of priorities were that with the exception that minimum essential expenditure on administration, and particularly on law and order should have the first priority, all development expenditure should have priority over non-development expenditure. Among items of development expenditure, those which were productive of food and other consumers goods should have priority over those which were non-productive.

The Finance Minister said that the policy followed in the Province was in general consonance with the directives issued and contributions made by the Central Government.

CONTROLS

Replying to another question, the Finance Minister said several measures for the control of prices, increase in the supply of goods, curtailment of purchasing power, reduction of public expenditure and others had been undertaking both by the Central and Provincial Governments to fight the abnormal rise in the cost of living. It was not possible, he added, to take the same steps as in U. K. and U.S.A. to reduce the cost of living as the economic conditions prevailing in India differed materially from those Western countries and the remedies that might have succeeded there would not necessarily prove practicable here.

INQUIRY

Mr. Mehta told the Bombay Legislative Assembly today that 173 out of the 253 recommendations of the Administrative Inquiry Committee had been accepted by the Government 35 other recommendations were under considerations. He added that it was proposed to implement every recommendation that was accepted.

M.L.As FROM STATES

The issue of the nomination of members to the Bombay Legislature from the merged areas was raised in an indirect way today when Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas (Socialist) urged the House not to sanction their pay and allowances.

He was discussing a supplementary demand for Rs. 60,44,527 made under the head of "General Administration" which includes a sum of Rs 1,13,470 for payment of salaries and allowances of the 69 nominated members to the Assembly and the Council.

Earlier, the Speaker ruled out a cut motion, tabled by Mr. Peter Alvares, to discuss "the policy of nomination in giving representation to the people of the merged States in the provincial Legislature and the principle guiding such nomination."

PROHIBITION CASES

The Prohibition Department of the Greater Bombay Police picked up 317 cases arrested 143 persons and seized 141 gallons of illicit liquor 4,843 gallons of wash, two gallons of spirit and seven gallons of foreign liquor, during the week ended October 6 last.

The Municipal Board at Mahua, in Gohilwad District, about a hundred miles from Rajkot, will have a Socialist majority. The Socialists have captured without a contest 15 out of 21 seats in the Municipal Board in elections being held now. They are contesting the remaining six seats also.

AMERICANS EAGER TO MEET HIM

Henderson's Praise

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12: The American people, many of whom have read Prime Minister Nehru's books, are deeply interested in meeting the great Indian leader, the American Ambassador to India feels.

In a specially recorded programme for the Voice of America, Mr. Loy Henderson, says one of the most significant aspects of the trip is that it will not be merely on exchange of formalities between two heads of state. The American Ambassador also foresees a vital position for India in world affairs.

Speaking of Nehru's visit, Henderson says: "The people of the United States are keenly interested in meeting one of the great intellectual and political figures in the world today. Many of them have read his books. For his part, Mr. Nehru's visit to our South, the West and the Atlantic seaboard will offer a unique opportunity of coming into contact with all classes of Americans and learning their views. When you have an interchange of this sort, the result is bound to be a closer approach to mutual problems and solutions".

Although the Indian nation is only two years old in terms of a modern state, Henderson notes "India has a civilization and national tradition that go back thousands of years. This huge new state was born fully equipped with a competent Government which instantly and effectively began to function".

LEADERSHIP

"Under the leadership of such persons as Gandhi and Mr. Nehru", the Ambassador continues, "India at once assumed a high moral and political position in world affairs. The problems facing India today are enormous—economically as well as politically—but Indian leadership has shown itself to be courageous, resourceful and capable. Given time and means to work out some of these domestic problems, India's position in international affairs will become increasingly important and world-felt".

After his arrival in India in the fall of 1948, Henderson says, "the hospitality of the people was wonderful. They were friendly and eager to learn as much about us as I was to learn above them."

SYMPATHY

The Ambassador found there are still misconceptions on the part of each country about the other and says it will take a long time to correct them. He speaks of American sympathy and support to "the efforts of the peoples of Asia and elsewhere to attain self-Government, and to raise their cultural and living standards".

"Since returning to Washington particularly, I have been confirmed in my conviction that there is in the United States a growing awareness of the problems of India and in fact the entire continent of Asia", Henderson states. "I think that if I can convey that awareness to the people of India when I return, I will be accomplishing one of my major tasks".

Asked by the programme announcer about the people of India, Henderson says they have made his job both interesting and, because of their diversity, difficult. Explaining the different groups, traditions and languages, the Ambassdor notes: "Despite these differences, there is one thing that unites them all—a burning nationalism and pride in their new country coupled with a desire to take their place as one of the great powers of the world".—U.S.I.S.

NEHRU'S TOUR

(Continued from page 1)

it was a great privilege to welcome the Indian Prime Minister.

WELCOME

"Many of us have been inspired by George Washington's early struggle for freedom," Mrs. Bolton said, "in the same way that your country passed through its struggle for freedom."

"We are happy to be able to welcome you here at the home of George Washington."

Pandit Nehru made a short reply, in which he thanked Mrs. Bolton for the welcome given to him. He recalled at the outset that he was visiting the home of George Washington on a day on which the memory of Columbus, discoverer of America, was being honoured. It was Columbus Day. As President Truman had said yesterday, Pandit Nehru added, Columbus was on his way to India when he discovered America.

NEHRU'S TRIBUTE

Pandit Nehru described George Washington as one of the greatest sons of America and a great leader and said it was an honour and a privilege to pay a tribute to his memory.

Pandit Nehru, accompanied by Mrs. Pandit and Indira Gandhi, went through all the rooms of the 200-year-old house.

He examined with minute interest every personal effect associated with the "Father of the American Nation."

The entire tour of the House lasted about an hour.

Every one in the party, including Pandit Nehru, appeared to have been impressed at the perfect condition in which the original furniture and other articles in the George Washington home had been preserved and maintained.

CONFERENCE

The White House reported that President Truman and Prime Minister Nehru met for a long private conference last night. Mr. Charles Ross, the White House Press Secretary, said the two chiefs of state "did not discuss business at all. It was purely social."

He said the informal conference took place at the President's official residence, Blair House, after the small state dinner there in the Prime Minister's honour last night. The meeting lasted "an hour or two."

Mr. Ross reported that during a part of the meeting the Prime Minister's sister and daughter were present. Mr. Ross quoted the President as saying, "It was a very pleasant occasion and I enjoyed talking with him very much."

The President returned to Blair House at 9-30 a.m. to say goodbye to Prime Minister Nehru.

After spending the night at Blair House as the President's guest, the Prime Minister moved today to the Indian Embassy for the remainder of his visit to Washington.

Mr. Ross said that no further conferences between the two leaders had been planned, but the President would see the Prime Minister again at a reception at the Indian Embassy on Friday.

TOAST

President Truman proposed a toast to the Governor-General of India at last night's Blair House dinner in honour of Prime Minister Nehru, writes the PTI representative.

About 18 persons attended the private dinner. There was an atmosphere of graciousness and cordiality, according to one of those present at the dinner.

Pandit Nehru proposed a toast to President Truman and was understood to have expressed his happiness at being with the President and members of the United States Cabinet.

He was quoted as saying he had been overwhelmed by the cordiality of the welcome extended to him and expressed his desire for full co-operation with the United States.

President Truman paid a gracious tribute to Pandit Nehru as "a man and a fighter" and said he was welcomed as a man who had fought for his country.

"We look to him for co-operation in the great tasks that await the world," President Truman was reported to have said.

Both The New York Times and the Herald Tribune featured the arrival on their front pages today. The Times displayed a two-column picture of Pandit Nehru shaking hands with President Truman in Washington and devoted about a column and a half to the story.

The Herald Tribune printed a three-column picture of Pandit Nehru, his sister Mrs. Pandit and Mr. Truman, sitting in the rear seat of the car in which they drove to the Blair House. Mrs. Pandit is seated between the two national leaders and all three are smiling.

LAST PHASE IN SHOEBULLAH CASE

Cross-Examination Of Witnesses Concludes

ARGUMENTS BEGIN TODAY

SECUNDERABAD, Oct. 12 (UPI and PTI).

THE Shoebullah murder trial entered its final phase today when the further cross-examination of 15 out of sixteen prosecution witnesses summoned by the defence was concluded. The re-examination of one witness was dropped by the defence. Arguments in the case will begin tomorrow.

Earlier today, the Tribunal rejected the defence suggestion for taking the further cross-examination by the defence of the approver, Khadar Mohiuddin Aseer.

Aseer, who was answering questions by Mr. Baqar Hussain, counsel for Kasim Razvi, told the Tribunal that he had disagreed with Ghulam Yazdani, President of the Chappal Bazar Primary Majlis, when the latter told witness that Razakars of his locality should not be used to murder Shoebullah Khan, because they were likely to be identified.

The reason for this disagreement was, witness added, that he felt he had behind him the support of "such a big Godfather, the revered President of the Dominion Majlis" (Syed Kasim Razvi). Witness was not at all, therefore, afraid of the Razakars being identified.

POLICE ARRESTS

Witness also deposed that on the morning following the murder of Shoebullah Khan, between 30 and 40 Razakars including Abdul Munim Khan (Accused Two) collected in front of witness's residence and told him about the arrest by the police of Ghulam Yazdani and his brothers.

Witness's brother-in-law, Sajad Ali, also came out of the house with him, and they both tried to pacify the Razakars. Meanwhile, witness gave a sword to Sajad Ali and sked him to hand it over to Wazir Mohammed Khan Private Secretary of Syed Kasim Razvi. Sajad Ali had returned home after delivering the sword before the Razakars left witness's residence.

Questioned by the Chairman of the Tribunal whether the sword taken by Sajad Ali to be delivered to Wazir Mohammed Khan would not have been seen by the Razakars outside his residence, witness stated that he did not think there was any need for concealing the sword, as he had the support of "a very big person" and he was not afraid of anyone.

Aseer gave a description of the pistol which, he had stated in his examination-in-chief, was handed over to him by Sajad Hussain, A.D.C. to Syed Kasim Razvi, on Razvi's orders a few days prior to the murder of Shoebullah Khan.

Aseer also gave description of Sajjad Hussain and Wazir Mohammed Khan (Razvi's Private Secretary).

Mr. Hamidduddin, Investigating Officer, the second witness to be further cross-examined, replying to questions from Mr. Baqar Hussain stated that in the course of his investigations Gulam Yazadni told him that he was in the Chappal Bazar mosque on the last Friday of Ramzan last year, when Abdul Munim Khan slapped a boy. Ghulam Yazdani told witness that he did not himself see Munim Khan beating the boy, but when the boy began to cry and abuse Munim Khan, his attention was drawn to Munim Khan.

The Tribunal rose for the day to meet again tomorrow.

NEHRU HONOURS UNKNOWN HERO

Wreath At Arlington Cemetery

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12, (PTI-Reuter)

PANDIT NEHRU, Prime Minister of India, this morning visited Mount Vernon, the memorial home of George Washington, first Constitutional President of the United States, and later laid a wreath at the grave of the Unknown Soldier of America at the Arlington National Cemetery. Pandit Nehru who was accompanied by Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit and Mrs. Indira Gandhi, spent about two hours at the national memorials and returned to the Indian Embassy at noon.

Pandit Nehru was received at the Arlington Cemetery by Colonel J. T. Cole, Commandant of the Washington Military District, who led him to the tomb of the Unknown Soldier. Before he arrived at the tomb, three United States army men bearing the Indian National flag presented arms to Pandit Nehru.

These three soldiers carrying the Indian Indian flag led the way for Pandit Nehru and party into a quadrangle where a guard of honour consisting of men from the U. S. armed services was drawn up.

An army band played the Jana Gana Mana.

Pandit Nehru accompanied by Colonel Cole then went up to the tomb of the unknown soldier and laid the wreath at the foot of the monument The guard meanwhile presented arms. A salute of 19 guns was fired by an army battery both when Pandit Nehru arrived and departed from the memorial.

GREAT WELCOME TO NEHRU

Newspapers' Ovation

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12, (PTI-Reuter): Washington papers gave prominent display to the welcome by President Truman and members of the American Government to Pandit Nehru.

The Washington Post and Times Herald published pictures on their front pages of Pandit Nehru shaking hands with President Truman and also of Mrs. Pandit and Mrs. Indira Gandhi. The Washington Post headed its report of the day's events "Indian Leaders Comes Here On Goodwill visit."

The very great interest arounsed by the Indian leader's arrival was evident to Indian residents of Washington who were frequently asked by Americans for details of the reception at the air port.

The scene there when Pandit Nehru inspected the guard of honour of the U. S. armed services and the playing of the 'Jana Gana Mana' by an army band, was memorable.

One veteran Indian said, "I was thrilled as much by the grandeur of the reception as by the dignity and poise of Pandit Nehru in acknowledging it."

FIFTYNINE?

Pandit Nehru appeared to be in wonderfully good health. As he kept in step with the brisk stride of President Truman, many Americans wondered whether he was really 59 years old.

The welcome given to Pandit Nehru was repeated at Blair House when he arrived there with the President. As he entered, he was applauded by several hundred people. Pandit Nehru stood and waved a salute.

RAJKOT, Oct. 12, (P. T. I.): Cash and valuables estimated at about Rs. 10,000 were looted by a party of about eight dacoits which raided Ingorala village, about 40 miles from here, last night, according to reports reaching here.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

AS I was walking into the office yesterday, I very nearly sank into, what appeared from a discreet distance to be, a bottomless pit. Closer inspection revealed that some people, no doubt with the best of intentions, were tearing up the footpath. And this reminds me of the question which I have been asking myself for many years: Can't there be a method in this madness?

There are many organisations in Bombay which are asserting their right to explore the nether regions of the city. The Bombay Municipality gains first priority by reason of its age and utility. Then there is the Bombay Electric Supply Corporation. The Gas Company does not want to be deprived of its share of the pleasure. And last but not the least are the telephone people. Your letter for a new connection may bring the invariable "No new connections just now", but that does not prevent the telephone people from going underground.

The funniest part of these proceedings is that even if one of the Big Four—say the Gas Company—has its eyes on the spot just excavated by the Corporation, it does not barge in when the Municipal people are at work. It takes its turn and politely waits till the earth is all covered up. Then only do its men begin to dig. The mutual courtesy which the one extends to the other is really touching.

For my part, nothing gives me greater pleasure than see other people work, and if I say that the sight of a man going down the man-hole has attractions enough for me to forego my lunch, it can be understood how much more will be my pleasure at seeing a whole group going into the earth's entrails. But one can have too much of a good thing, and apparently the citizens living in a particular street in Byculla who have watched the operations of successive shifts continuously at work for the past fifteen years have had enough. They have asked the Corporation to hurry up things and allow them the use of the road. I wonder whether the Corporation can do it. I will not be surprised if in view of the prevailing housing shortage the men at work have built their houses underground. It might take a lot of time to eject them.

Progress Of Hague R. T. C.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 12, (PTI-Reuter): Chairmen and Vice-Chairmen of the three delegations to the Round Table Conference on the future of Indonesia reached agreement on a number of points at an emergency meeting here today.

An official 'communique' announcing this said the meeting was called "to discuss measures to bring the conference to a successful end this month".

Has Wife 117 Yeaers Old!

LONDON, Oct. 12, (U. P. I.): In the mountain village of Kirakura in Azerbaijan lives the collective farmer, Mahmet Buzakov, who has just reached the age of 140 years, reports Moscow Radio.

Mahmet's family consists of 113 sons, daughters, grandchildren, great-grandchildren, and great-great-grandchildren. His wife is 117 years old and his eldest daughter reached 100 recently.

MADRAS, Oct. 12 (PTD: The Madras Government has demanded a security of Rs. 1,000 under the Indian Press Emergency Powers Act from Mr. K. Padmanabhan Nair, keeper of the printing press of "Janata," Socialist weekly in Madras. He has been directed to deposit the amount before October 17.

AMERICAN JOURNALISM EXHIBITION IN CITY

Freedom Of Press Is Simple Test For Democracy, Says Consul

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

WHETHER a country was democratic in fact or merely democratic by its own definition, could be ascertained by the simple test of whether journalism in that country was free or not, said Mr. Clare Hayes Timberlake, American Consul-General in Bombay, while opening an exhibition entitled "Journalism in the United States" organised by the United States Information Service at the B.E.S.T. Hall this evening.

"Free journalism has developed along with the development of the concept of democracy", he said, briefly tracing the struggle of early newspapers against the Government in America. He pointed out that the earliest newspaper in the American colonies was suppressed four days after it first appeared. It was significant that even in that embryonic state, governments somehow had recognised the potential power of the press and it was perhaps understandable that they had feared it, the Consul said.

FREEDOM

He added: "So long as a nation can preserve the right of its individuals to state publicly what they consider the right or wrong in the conduct and opinion of others including the Government itself, and as long as they can thereby advocate and bring about by peaceful methods a change in the government itself, that nation is a nation of free individuals."

Turning to the role of journalists he opined, "It rests to a great extent with the journalists themselves to ensure that such freedom is nourished in the practice of this honourable profession, and it rests, perhaps, to an even greater extent with the people to demand that journalism to survive must live upto its highest ideals."

ROLE OF PRESS

The exhibition which portrays the role of the press in modern America, includes an extensive pictorial display marking various aspects of the history and contemporary development of American journalism. A neatly arranged assortment of 100 different U. S. newspapers gives an idea of various types of American papers to the public.

The organisers have set up a special section devoted to journalism education which shows how a journalist is given theoretical and practical training in various schools of journalism.

The exhibition will remain open daily from 11 a.m. to 8 p.m. till October 19.

MUTT AND JEFF—That's Good For A Homer In Any Ball Park — By BUD FISHER.

I REALLY DON'T KNOW ANYTHING ABOUT BASEBALL!
WE'LL SHOW YOU, SIR SID!
WHAT DO I DO NOW?
JUST TRY AN' HIT IT!
CRAK!
I SAY, I'M SORRY! HAVE I DONE SOMETHING WRONG?

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building Parsi Bazar Street, Fort Bombay. Edited by S. NATARAJAN